

United States Department of the Interior

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS Great Plains Regional Office 115 Fourth Avenue S.E., Suite 400 Aberdeen, South Dakota 57401



IN REPLY REFER TO: DESCRM MC-208

NOV 0 1 2011

MEMORANDUM

TO:	Superintendent, Fort Berthold Agency	1 Coc	7
FROM:	Superintendent, Fort Berthold Agency Acting Regional Director, Great Plains Region	N	5

SUBJECT: Environmental Assessment Addendum and Finding of No Significant Impact

In compliance with the regulations of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) of 1969, as amended, an Addendum has been completed and a Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) has been issued. The addendum authorizes land use for gathering pipelines connecting the proposed QEP-MHA #3-32-33H-148-92 well to the Arrow Phase 2SE pipeline on the Fort Berthold Indian Reservation.

All the necessary requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act have been completed. Attached for your files is a copy of the EA Addendum, FONSI and Notice of Availability. The Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ) regulations require that there be a public notice of availability of the FONSI (40 C.F.R. Part 1506.6(b)). Please post the attached notice of availability at the Agency and Tribal buildings for 30 days.

If you have any questions, please call Marilyn Bercier, Regional Environmental Scientist, Division of Environment, Safety and Cultural Resources Management, at (605) 226-7656.

Attachment

 cc: Tex Hall, Chairman, Three Affiliated Tribes (with attachment) Elgin Crows Breast, Tribal Historic Preservation Officer (with attachment) Derek Enderud, BLM, Bureau of Land Management (with attachment) Mike Cook, SWCA (with attachment) Jonathon Shelman, Corps of Engineers Jeff Hunt, Fort Berthold Agency

Finding of No Significant Impact

Arrow Pipeline, LLC

Addendum to Environmental Assessment to Authorize Land Use for Gathering Pipelines Connecting the Proposed OEP-MHA #3-32-33H-148-92 Well to the Arrow Phase 2SE Pipeline

Dunn County, North Dakota

The U.S. Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) received a proposal to authorize land use by Arrow Pipeline, LLC (Arrow) for gathering pipelines connecting the proposed QEP-MHA #3-32-33H-148-92 Well to the Arrow Phase 2SE Pipeline on the Fort Berthold Reservation. Associated federal actions by BIA include determinations of effect regarding cultural resources and approvals of leases, rights-of-way and easements.

Potential of the proposed action to impact the human environment is analyzed in the attached Environmental Assessment (EA), as required by the National Environmental Policy Act. Based on the recently completed addendum to the EA. I have determined the proposed project will not significantly affect the quality of the human environment. No Environmental Impact Statement is required for any portion of the proposed activities.

This determination is based on the following factors:

- 1. Agency and public involvement was solicited and environmental issues related to the proposal were identified.
- 2. Protective and prudent measures were designed to minimize impacts to air, water, soil, vegetation, wetlands, wildlife, water resources, and cultural resources. The potential for impacts was disclosed for both the proposed action and the No Action alternative.
- 3. Guidance from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service has been fully considered regarding wildlife impacts, particularly in regard to threatened or endangered species. This guidance includes the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (16 U.S.C. 703 et seq.) (MBTA), the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, as amended (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) (NEPA), the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 668-668d, 54 Stat. 250) (BGEPA), Executive Order 13186 "Responsibilities of Federal Agencies to Protect Migratory Birds", and the Endangered Species Act (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.) (ESA).
- 4. The proposed action was designed to avoid adverse effects to historic, archaeological, cultural, and traditional properties, sites, and practices. The Tribal Historic Preservation Officer has concurred with BIA's determination that no historic properties will be affected.
- 5. Environmental justice was fully considered.
- 6. Cumulative effects to the environment are either mitigated or minimal.
- 7. No regulatory requirements have been waived or require compensatory mitigation measures.
- 8. The proposed project will improve the socioeconomic condition of the affected Indian community.

Regional Director - Great lains Regional Office

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT Addendum

United States Bureau of Indian Affairs

Great Plains Regional Office Aberdeen, South Dakota



Arrow Pipeline, L.L.C

Addendum to Environmental Assessment to Authorize Land Use for Gathering Pipelines Connecting the Proposed QEP-MHA #3-32-33H-148-92 Well to the Arrow Phase 2SE Pipeline

Fort Berthold Indian Reservation

October 2011

For information contact: Bureau of Indian Affairs, Great Plains Regional Office Division of Environment, Safety and Cultural Resources Management 115 4th Avenue SE, Aberdeen, South Dakota 57401 (605) 226-7656

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1. Purpose and Need for the Proposed Action.

The purpose of the proposed action is to authorize the land use by Arrow Pipeline, LLC (Arrow) for the construction and installation of three gathering pipelines: one oil pipeline, one gas pipeline, and one produced water pipeline. As proposed, the MHA #3-32-33H-148-92 gathering pipelines (pipelines) would transport oil, gas, and produced water from productive wells to markets and disposal facilities. A buried electrical line may be installed in the future within the approved ROW.

Developments have been proposed on land held in trust by the United States in Dunn County, North Dakota, where the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) is the surface management agency for potentially affected individual allotments. The economic development of available resources and associated BIA actions are consistent with BIA's general mission. Leasing and development of mineral resources offers substantial economic benefits to the Three Affiliated Tribes of the Mandan, Hidatsa, and Arikara Nations and to individual tribal members.

2. Authorities

Oil and gas exploration and development activities are conducted under authority of the Indian Mineral Leasing Act of 1938 (25 United States Code [USC] 396a, et seq.), the Indian Mineral Development Act of 1982 (25 USC 2101, et seq.), and the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 USC 15801, et seq.).

3. Legal Land Description for Proposed Action

The pipelines would be located on trust land originating from the southwest side of the well pad, approximately 14.6 miles southeast of Mandaree, North Dakota, in the NW1/4 of Section 32 and the N1/2 of Section 31, Township (T) 148 North (N), Range (R) 92 West (W), and the SE1/4 of Section 25, T148N, R93W, 5th Prime Meridian (P.M.), Dunn County, North Dakota.

4. Scope of Work for Proposed Action

Oil, gas, and produced water pipelines would be buried in either two 2.5-foot-wide trenches, spaced 5.0 feet apart, or one 5.0-foot-wide trench. Oil and gas pipelines would be no greater than 8 inches in diameter and constructed of new steel. The produced water pipeline would also be no greater than 8 inches in diameter and constructed of Fiberspar® or similar corrosion resistant material. All of the construction disturbances would occur within a 120-foot-wide temporary construction ROW and permanent surface disturbance would occur within a 50-foot-wide ROW between the well pad and the Arrow Phase 2 Southeast gathering pipeline system (Phase 2SE).

The pipelines, as proposed, would originate from the southwest side of the well pad, traverse west, and tie in to the proposed Phase 2SE, which has been previously surveyed for impacts to natural and cultural resources within no significant findings.

Approximately 9,599.6 feet of oil, gas, and produced water pipe would be needed to connect the MHA #3-32-33H-148-92 well to the Phase 2SE. Approximately 27 acres would be disturbed as a result of activities associated with the construction of the proposed pipelines.

5. Materials Information and Corrosion Rates

Steel Pipe

Arrow proposes to construct the oil and gas pipelines using new steel pipe rated by the American Petroleum Institute (API) as 5L X52. Arrow would ensure that each steel pipe segment is coated with approximately 14 to 16 millimeters of fusion bonded epoxy coating. Further, Arrow would deploy an active cathodic protection system for all steel pipe, which further reduces the likelihood of external corrosion. Arrow would ensure that each steel pipe segment is allotted a 1/16-inch corrosion allowance; however, because of the non-corrosive nature of Bakken crude and the low concentrations of hydrogen sulfide, Arrow does not anticipate any external or internal corrosion during the operating lifetime of the pipe, which, at a minimum, is estimated to be 50 years.

Fiberspar[®] or Similar Pipe

Arrow proposes to construct the produced water gathering pipeline using a material known as Fiberspar or one with the same corrosion resistant characteristics as Fiberspar. This type of material is not subject to internal or external corrosion.

6. Spill Response Plan

Arrow has developed a Spill Response Plan (Plan) (Middick 2011¹) for the Phase 2 SE pipeline. The spill preventative measures and monitoring protocols, notification procedures, spill detection and on-scene spill mitigation procedures, response activities, contacts, training and drill procedures, and response plan review and update procedures, as referenced in the Plan, apply to the proposed pipelines. A copy of the Plan has been filed with the BIA and Arrow has legally committed to adhering to the procedures and requirements as defined by federal law (Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations [CFR] 194). Arrow has committed to developing a project specific spill response plan that will be submitted to the BIA prior to the commencement of construction activities

7. Pipeline Marking Procedures

Arrow adheres to the requirements of 49 CFR 192.707 with regard to the marking of buried pipelines. Specifically, Arrow would place pipeline markers within 1,000 feet of one another, at all public road crossings, railroad crossings, creek crossings, fence crossings, and at all points of major direction change.

¹ Middick, Andy. 2011. *Operations Monitoring and Spill Response Plan*. Blackshare Environmental Solutions. Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

8. Quality Control/Quality Assurance Measures

Arrow purchases steel pipeline that is rated as API 5L X52 and inspects all pipe while at the mill to ensure quality. Arrow is also present to ensure that external epoxy coating is applied to a minimum thickness of 14 millimeters. During construction, all welds are visually inspected for quality and completeness by qualified professionals. Once welds have passed visual inspection, they are subjected to 100 percent Non Destructive Testing. After passing these tests, the weld areas are covered for corrosion protection. After the weld areas have been covered, the external coating of the pipe is inspected using a jeepmeter to detect holes and cracks. The pipe is lowered into the trench and buried. Prior to being put into service, the steel pipe is hydrotested to approximately 1.5 times the minimum design pressure of 1,180 pounds per square inch gauge (psig).

The produced water pipeline is designed to sustain a minimum pressure of 750 psig and is hydro-tested to approximately 900 psig prior to being approved for service.

9. Valve Locations

Two valves would be installed at each end of the proposed pipelines. One valve would be installed at the well location while the second valve would be installed at the proposed tie-in. The installation of two valves would allow Arrow to isolate the proposed gathering pipelines if required.

10. Bore Locations

Arrow proposes to bore an existing access road in order to avoid surface impact. A plat depicting bore location specifics including a cross-section view is included. Arrow has committed to implementing erosion control devices as necessary along the proposed alignment to reduce the potential for sediment transport off-site.

11. Additional Required Mitigation/Avoidance Requirements

On July 18, 2011, BIA Environmental Specialists Jeff Desjarlais and Chris McLaughlin conveyed several mitigation/avoidance requirements to Arrow as a contingency for alignment approval. Arrow has agreed to the following requirements as conditions of approval:

- maintain a 20-30-foot-wide buffer from all steep slopes to avoid sloughing;
- salvage, at a minimum, the upper 6 inches of the top-soil to be used for reclamation purposes

12. Reclamation

Interim Reclamation

Reclamation would continue to occur over the life of the pipelines. Initial reclamation would be required after initial construction and then following any maintenance work or additions of infrastructure. Reclamation would be required before final abandonment of the decommissioned pipeline. A successful reclamation would at all times be the responsibility of the system's operator.

Trenches would be back-filled immediately after the pipeline is installed and testing is complete, assuming frozen or saturated soils are not present. Back-fill piles would be stored opposite of the topsoil piles during construction. If construction is to occur during winter, Arrow will partially fill the trench with useable, non-frozen, back-fill soil to the extent possible and cover the entire ROW including the trench with straw. The trench would be back-filled and topsoil distributed as soon as practicable after the soil has defrosted. Topsoil piles would be covered to eliminate the potential for rill erosion and subsequent loss of soil during spring snow melt and precipitation events.

Applicable short- and long-term best management practices would be used to minimize and control erosion in disturbed areas. To reduce compaction, the ROW would be plowed before the stockpiled topsoil is distributed.

The disturbed areas would be reclaimed and contoured as soon as possible after construction is complete (fall/spring). The ROW would be covered with stockpiled topsoil and reseeded with a seed mixture determined by the BIA. Arrow would control noxious weeds within the ROW and other applicable facilities by approved chemical or mechanical methods. If seeding of the ROW does not occur due to growing season constraints, Arrow will deploy approved weed-free hay across the entire ROW. The presence of hay across the ROW will reduce the potential for excessive erosion as a result of spring snow melt and precipitation.

The entire ROW would be monitored for erosion, subsidence, or noxious weeds. In areas where problems are found to occur, reclamation efforts would continue until the BIA feels the ROW is successfully reclaimed. Reclamation is considered successful when:

- seeded areas are established;
- adjacent vegetative communities spread back into the disturbed areas; and
- noxious weeds are under control.

If after two growing seasons the new seeding is not successful, the BIA may require additional efforts to establish vegetation. For noxious weeds, a survey was conducted on the ROW prior to the construction commencing. The BIA has developed a weed management plan to treat known or likely to occur noxious weed species.

Final Reclamation

Final reclamation would occur when the pipeline is decommissioned. All disturbed areas would be reclaimed, reflecting the BIA's view of oil and gas exploration and production as temporary intrusions on the landscape. All facilities would be removed. Access roads and work areas would be leveled or backfilled as necessary, scarified, recontoured, and seeded. Exceptions to these reclamation measures might occur if the BIA approves assignment of an access road either to the BIA roads inventory or to concurring surface allottees. It is economically and environmentally unfeasible to excavate and remove the decommissioned pipeline. Instead it would be purged with water of any natural gas remaining in the lines and abandoned in place.

13. Surveys

SWCA Environmental Consultants (SWCA) conducted natural resource surveys for threatened and endangered species and habitat, migratory birds and active nests, bald and golden eagles and nests, and wetlands/waterbodies on July 14, 2011. BIA Environmental Specialists, Jeff Desjarlais and Chris McLaughlin, approved the proposed alignment on July 18th, 2011. No threatened and endangered species or bald/golden eagles or nests were observed during the natural resource survey. Migratory bird habitat is prevalent in the survey area and Arrow has committed to following 1 of the 3 listed mitigation procedures in order to reduce the potential for impact on migratory birds and their active nests. Either, conduct construction outside of the migratory bird breeding season (February 1st - July 15th), or regularly mow vegetation within the ROW prior to February 1st and maintain through July 15th, or conduct a field survey for nesting migratory birds within 5 days of construction commencement.

Designated critical habitat for piping plover (*Charadrius melodus*), and potential nesting/foraging habitat of interior least tern individuals (*Sterna antillarum*), is present within 0.5 mile of the proposed pipelines. For construction that would occur within 0.5 mile line-of-sight of designated critical habitat, Arrow has committed to the following measures to mitigate potential impact as a result of the construction activities: 1. Construct the pipelines after September 1st to allow sufficient time for piping plover and interior least tern individuals to migrate or 2. If construction is to occur prior to September 1st, conduct a species specific survey of all potential nesting habitat occurring within 0.5 mile line-of-sight of the project area.

A cultural resource inventory of this pipeline route was conducted by personnel of SWCA Environmental Consultants, using an intensive pedestrian methodology. Approximately 49.98 acres were inventoried on July 14, 2011 (Schleicher and Riordan 2011). No historic properties were located that appear to possess the quality of integrity and meet at least one of the criteria (36 CFR 60.6) for inclusion on the National Register. As the lead federal agency, and as provided for in 36 CFR 800.5, on the basis of the information provided, BIA reached a determination of no historic properties affected for this undertaking. This determination was communicated to the THPO on September 28, 2011; however the THPO did not respond within the allotted 30 day comment period.

Schleicher, Jolene, and Carolyn Riordan

(2011) A Class I and Class III Cultural Resources Inventory of the Arrow QEP MHA 3-32-33H-148-92 Gathering Pipeline, Fort Berthold Indian Reservation, Dunn County, North Dakota. SWCA Environmental Consultants for Arrow Pipeline, LLC, Tulsa, OK.

14. Potential Effects

Potential direct impacts to natural resources may include the loss of native vegetation and wildlife habitat, soil disturbance, and erosion during construction that may adversely affect air and water quality. Impacts would be mitigated by using best management practices during construction to minimize disturbance. Once construction activities are completed, reclamation would take place and would include the return of topsoil and contouring, and seeding of native vegetation.

Potential indirect impacts include noise and other disturbances to wildlife during construction and the introduction of noxious weeds. Impacts would be mitigated through avoidance of any federally listed threatened or endangered species or wetlands, avoidance of nesting migratory birds, implementing best management practices to control the introduction of noxious weeds, and minimizing the length of time between trenching, pipeline burial, and reclamation. These mitigation measures are consistent with the approved National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) document, which received a finding of no significant impact (FONSI) (March 2011).

15. Applicable National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) Document(s)

Environmental Assessment: Phase 2 Southeast Pipeline (March 2011)

16. NEPA Adequacy Criteria

This document has identified a previously prepared NEPA document, *Environmental Assessment: Phase 2 Southeast Pipeline* (March 2011), which adequately describes the environmental consequences of the newly proposed action described herein, and meets the following NEPA Adequacy Criteria.

- 1. The proposed action is substantially the same action and at the site specifically analyzed in the existing NEPA document.
- 2. The range of alternatives is reasonable with respect to the current proposed action in the existing NEPA document, which appropriately considers and analyzes current environmental concerns, interests, and resource values.
- 3. The existing analysis and conclusions are adequate in the existing NEPA document. The analysis is still valid in light of new studies or resource assessment information.
- 4. The methodology and analytical approach used in the existing NEPA document continues to be appropriate for the proposed action.

- 5. The direct and indirect impacts of the proposed action are unchanged from those identified in the existing NEPA document.
- 6. The cumulative impacts that would result from implementation of the proposed action are unchanged from those analyzed in the existing NEPA document.
- 7. A 30-day comment period involving public input and interagency review was used in the development of the existing NEPA document.



Figure 1. Proposed MHA #3-32-33H-148-92 gathering pipelines alignment.



United States Department of the Interior

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS Great Plains Regional Office MC-208 115 Fourth Avenue S.B., Suite 400 Aberdeen, South Dakota 57401



SEP 2 8 2011

IN REPLY REFER TO DESCRM MC-208

> Elgin Crows Breast, THPO Mandan, Hidatsa and Arikara Nation 404 Frontage Road New Town, North Dakota 58763

Dear Mr. Crows Breast:

We have considered the potential effects on cultural resources of two proposed Arrow gathering lines in Dunn County, North Dakota. Approximately 91.32 acres were intensively inventoried using a pedestrian methodology. Potential surface disturbances are not expected to exceed the areas depicted in the enclosed reports. No historic properties were located which appear to possess the quality of integrity and meet at least one of the criteria (36 CFR 60.4) for inclusion on the National Register of Historic Places. No properties were located that appear to qualify for protection under the American Indian Religious Freedom Act (42 USC 1996).

As the surface management agency, and as provided for in 36 CFR 800.5, we have therefore reached a determination of **no historic properties affected** for these undertakings. Catalogued as **BIA** Case **Number AAO-1890/FB/I1**, the proposed undertakings, locations, and project dimensions are described in the following reports:

Schleicher, Jolene, and Carolyn Riordan

- (2011a) A Class I and Class III Cultural Resources Inventory of the Arrow MHA #2-04-03H-149-91 and #4-04-03H-149-91 Gathering Pipeline, Fort Berthold Indian Reservation, Dunn County, North Dakota. SWCA Environmental Consultants for Arrow Pipeline, LLC, Tulsa, OK.
- (2011b) A Class I and Class III Cultural Resources Inventory of the Arrow QEP MHA 3-32-33H-148-92 Gathering Pipeline, Fort Berthold Indian Reservation, Dunn County, North Dakota. SWCA Environmental Consultants for Arrow Pipeline, LLC, Tulsa, OK.

If your office concurs with this determination, consultation will be completed under the National Historic Preservation Act and its implementing regulations. We will adhere to the Standard Conditions of Compliance.

If you have any questions, please contact Dr. Carson N. Murdy, Regional Archaeologist, at (605) 226-7656.

Sincerely,

Regional Director

Enclosures

cc: Chairman, Three Affiliated Tribes Superintendent, Fort Berthold Agency

Notice of Availability and Appeal Rights

Arrow Pipeline: Addendum to Environmental Assessment to Authorize Land Use for Gathering Pipelines Connecting the Proposed QEP-MHA #3-32-33H-148-92 Well to the Arrow Phase 2SE Pipeline

The Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) is planning to issue administrative approvals related to an Addendum to Environmental Assessment to Authorize Land Use for Gathering Pipelines Connecting the Proposed QEP-MHA #3-32-33H-148-92 Well to the Arrow Phase 2SE Pipeline on the Fort Berthold Reservation as shown on the attached map. Construction by Arrow Pipeline, LLC is expected to begin in 2011.

An environmental assessment (EA) determined that proposed activities will not cause significant impacts to the human environment. An environmental impact statement is not required. Contact Earl Silk, Superintendent at 701-627-4707 for more information and/or copies of the EA and the Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI).

The FONSI is only a finding on environmental impacts – it is not a decision to proceed with an action and *cannot* be appealed. BIA's decision to proceed with administrative actions *can* be appealed until December 1, 2011, by contacting:

United States Department of the Interior Office of Hearings and Appeals Interior Board of Indian Appeals 801 N. Quincy Street, Suite 300, Arlington, Va 22203.

Procedural details are available from the BIA Fort Berthold Agency at 701-627-4707.

1

Project locations



2