DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR TRIBAL CONSULTATION

Draft Regulations to Implement Section 1119 of Public Law 116-9

Held at: Dena'ina Center 600 W. 7th Avenue Anchorage, Alaska

Monday, December 2, 2019 Pages 1 - 80, inclusive 1:30 p.m.

Presenters:
Eugene Peltola, Jr.
Cyril Andrews
Jennifer Miller
Lynn Polocca
Jolene John
Michelle Watchman
Sarah Walker
Candy Grimes
Ralph Eluska
Paul Krabacher
Steven Scordino
Susan Joyce Johnson

Reported by: Leonard J. DiPaolo, RPR, CRR, CCP

PROCEEDINGS

CYRIL ANDREWS: Let's wait five more minutes to give folks more time to come in during the icy road conditions out there. In about five minutes we'll get started, thank you.

EUGENE PELTOLA: Good afternoon, all. My name is Eugene Peltola, Jr., I'm the regional director with the Bureau of Indian Affairs here in Alaska. And before we get started, I asked Margaret, can you give us a blessing before we start? We'll do a prayer.

(Prayer)

it. This afternoon we're hosting the second of two consultations here today. This morning we had one for Alaska Native corporations, and this afternoon is primarily for the tribes. And we're here to take questions and try to answer some questions concerning the Dingell Act, Alaska Native Vietnam Vet Era Allotment bill. And excuse me, I was trying to eat my pizza really quick before I came in.

So, like I said, this afternoon is primarily for tribal members, and so we want to concentrate on the proposed regulations that the Bureau of Land Management and the Bureau of Indian Affairs have been working on in addition to lands that are

available for potential selection over the next several years.

And with that being said, thank you for coming and participating. I'll turn it over to Cyril Andrews about our realty department at BIA. Thanks once again.

CYRIL ANDREWS: Thank you, Gene. First I would like to have any of the Vietnam vets please stand up. If we have any Vietnam vets here, could you please stand up. We had some here this morning, or any veteran that served in the military, can you please stand up. Thank you guys.

But anyway, today we're going to go over the -- my name Cyril Andrews, I'm the realty officer for the Bureau of Indian Affairs. We work under the real estate services for the bureau, but today we're going to go over the regulations. And we're here to take all your comments regarding the regulations or any questions you may have about the Vietnam vet.

So when you do go up to the podium up here, to the speaker, the mic, please state your name and which tribe you work for.

But anyway, we submitted the draft regulations to all the realty providers November 1st, I believe, so you guys all have that draft. I'm sure you

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guys grabbed some in the front desk there. But we're
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    here to take any questions that you guys have.
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                  And let's get started. Do we have any
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    questions regarding the regulations or any questions
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    you may have regarding the bill?
                  DOREEN LAMPE: Doreen Lampe, Native
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    Village of Barrow. I was just hoping we could get a
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    summary on how the corporations took the news on making
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    lands available, are they in favor, against, neutral?
                                   Yeah, there was -- on the
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                  CYRIL ANDREWS:
    overselection, right, Paul?
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                  PAUL KRABACHER:
                                    Correct.
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                  CYRIL ANDREWS: Can you explain on that
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    part?
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                  PAUL KRABACHER:
                                   Wait until it says hi,
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    welcome, something. There we go. Okay, cool.
                  My name is Paul, I'm with the Bureau of
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    Land Management. Land is available for -- land is
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    available that has been selected by corporations, not
    adjudicated or given to them, just selected -- this
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    battery just went out -- here we go. So an important
    difference is obviously selected versus already
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    transferred to the corporations.
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                  Your question, though, was how are they
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    responding or what's the feeling of where are they
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coming from?

To date it's been very positive, and the biggest reason that I can see is, for those corporations that do have overselections, that they can actually control -- if an eligible individual selects within the corporation's selections, that through a voluntary relinquishment -- and we're actually couching it as conditional relinquishment -- that vet can get those lands that they select if they are village selected, or regional selected for that matter, through this conditional relinquishment.

And how that conditional relinquishment would work is that only that vet would receive those lands. If the vet is not going to receive those lands, then that relinquishment of their selections does not go into effect.

So it's been very positive in that they can have folks within their region and assure that people within their region will get lands within their region.

As some folks are aware, that there are certain regions that don't have any opportunity for an eligible individual to makes selections, such as the South. The entire South, the way the bill got passed, Forest Service, the Tongass, as well as in Kodiak Fish

& Wildlife, do not qualify. It has to be BLM managed. 1 So hopefully I answered that question. 2 CYRIL ANDREWS: Does anyone have 3 questions on the regulations, please step up to the 4 5 mic. Thank you, Tom. TOM HOSETH: Yeah, Tom Hoseth from BBNA, 6 7 and I have a question that surfaced recently. And the question is, when these Native 8 9 allotments or these allotments are issued, will they be issued in restricted status or non-restricted status? 10 And it's really important to us now, because it's going 11 12 to impact how we comment on the regulations. it's an unanswered question, when will it be answered? 13 CYRIL ANDREWS: Go ahead there, Paul. 14 15 PAUL KRABACHER: I was waiting for Candy 16 to grab it. But that decision is beyond us at this point, and it's actually at the department level. 17 18 That's why we're having these consultations, for you to weigh in on what your preference is from where you're 19 coming from. Do you prefer fee simple or fee 20 21 restricted? Now is the time. And through submitting 22 your comments is to weigh in on that issue. 23 CYRIL ANDREWS: And that question was 24 asked this morning. So we're not sure if it will be in

fee or restricted, but the decision will be made at a

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    later time.
                  TOM HOSETH: Well, or something, because
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    if it's a Native allotment, it would be restricted.
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                                                           Ιf
    it's going to be different, we need to know about it
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5
    now.
                  CYRIL ANDREWS:
                                   Go ahead there, Steve.
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                  STEVEN SCORDINO: I just want to make it
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            If you're looking at the regs right now, the
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    draft regs, it doesn't say they are restricted.
                                                      So if
    you want restrictions in it, comment on the draft regs.
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    Comment in this consultation that you want it. Right
    now it doesn't say -- it doesn't include it, okay.
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                  Nobody in this room is a policy maker
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    that will make the decision, but it will be made at a
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15
    higher level. The more comments there are, probably
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CYRIL ANDREWS: Thank you, Steve.

the easier it will be to make a decision on that.

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it soon, because the deadline for regulations are coming up soon, and if we don't have an opportunity to comment -- because it's going to affect the probates and it's going to really complicate things more. Who is going to be responsible for the probates if they are in fee simple?

So these questions have to be answered

before we continue our comments on the regulations.
Because if it's going to be unrestricted, it's going to

3 have a direct impact on how we comment.

And the other part is there has been no Native allotments that have been issued in the past that's unrestricted that I know of.

PAUL KRABACHER: Before Steve graciously takes this microphone from me, I can comment on the timeline. And there is a little confusion on when comments can be submitted officially through consultation or the procedures.

We're going through a proposed regulation to be sent into our system back to Washington to the Federal Register. Our deadline is December 20th for the proposed. We've extended the comment period to December 13th. So you have until December 13th on this version, like Steve said, of the draft regulations.

Once those regulations get published, the proposed regulations get published, again there will be a 30-day comment period that will be opened up. And at that point we fully anticipate going regionally and literally taking this out to the different areas within Alaska for commenting at that time for the proposed rules.

I understand where you're coming from,

but like Steve said, this is not our decision right now 1 It's definitely going to be very helpful for 2 to make. folks to weigh in on this for the decision makers to 3 make a decision. 4 5 STEVEN SCORDINO: My name is Steve Scordino, I'm in the solicitor's office. 6 7 And to clarify, you had -- one part of your question was where would probate go if it's in fee 8 9 simple if there is no restrictions on alienation. In that case it would go to state court. 10 IBIA or the 11 Office of Hearings and Appeals would not be involved in 12 any way in those cases. There would be no trust 13 responsibility, so you guys wouldn't be involved either. 14 15 The other part of it is, is this the 16 consultation process and you're commenting through it There will be the other opportunity to comment 17 now? 18 through the notice of comment and rule making. The 19 proposed rule goes out, and then you get to submit the 20 comments to that. 21 The more comments we get now the better. If you put them in writing, too, it's easier for us to 22 23 send it on to the people that are making decisions. 24 CYRIL ANDREWS: Margaret.

Mr. Chairman, I think

MARGARET ROBERTS:

I said it in the earlier session, but I want to say, and maybe make it even stronger, in these regulations, our Vietnam vets, many of them paid with their own -- they gave their lives for us.

This is what, 50? How many years later from the Vietnam war? Our veterans came back, and there was no celebration of any kind for them. We need to give our vets what we can.

And, you know, somebody was asking about minerals. I'm just feeling this really way deep down in my heart. You know, this is not the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act. This is not ANILCA. This is the Vietnam war vets land allotment. We should give our vets as much as we can in this law. You know, when Nelson worked for over 30 years or longer for this, this is what he had in mind.

And having lost one uncle, one cousin from the same tribe of Woody Island Tangirnaq Native village, and having another uncle that served during that period of time, I just think, you know, I want to do whatever I can for all of our veterans, and we should all be thinking the same way.

And I don't know, I just thought that once this law got passed when Murkowski and Sullivan and Young worked on all of this, I just thought that it

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was going to be much more different than what we're
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    talking about today. We shouldn't be talking about
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    things that, you know, these veterans are going to be
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    taxed about in the future or things like that.
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    to give them the best we possibly can. I hope we can
    all agree on that.
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                  Whether we're Alaska Natives, tribal
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    leaders, you know, those that work for BLM or the
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    Department of Interior, or whoever we are, we should be
    doing our best that we possibly can.
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                                           That's all I want
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    to say.
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                  CYRIL ANDREWS: Thank you, Margaret.
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    Does anyone have a comment? This is being recorded by
    the recorder here. This will be available at some
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    point when the report is done.
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                  STEVEN HARTFORD:
                                    Good afternoon.
    name is Steve Hartford, and I'm employed by the Sitka
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    Tribe of Alaska, Southeast Alaska. So a couple points.
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                  We are actually developing written
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    comments from our tribe, and we've got them in draft
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    form, but they have to be approved through our process.
    We actually have developed about 14 proposed comments
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    or revisions to the regulations, the draft regulations.
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                  And two questions that I have that maybe
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    you could help me with is, as I look at the timeline,
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it indicates that the Department of Defense would 1 develop the list of eligible applicants by September of 2 2019. And I'm not sure if that's been completed. 3 And how do we access that? And is there a way we can tie 4 that to our enrolled citizens? That would be one 5 question. 6 PAUL KRABACHER: 7 So if I could answer that real quick. The DOD submitted their list of 8 9 individuals to BIA. We're still waiting on the VA. The VA has around 7 million names. We wanted the 10 entire universe, not for them to do the restriction and 11 Alaska Native or whatever. They give vets the total 12 number. But they have still yet to deliver that to 13 The MOA has been signed, it's in VA's court right BIA. 14 15 But the BIA does have DOD's list right now. now. And to follow up on that on your second 16 comment is, will that list be available? How we are 17 18 proposing to work this is coming to BIA, and BIA makes 19 a Native determination; comes to BLM, BLM makes a 20 determination if they received an allotment prior 21 through ANCSA or the 1906 act. 22 Then we will directly mail those eligible 23 individuals, we'll notify them through direct mail. 24 That's what we're proposing. Understandably, there

That's why we need to be

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will be some missed.

proactive in the outreach right now and also have the ability to exchange names.

And Cyril, if you want to comment on that on BIA's side.

CYRIL ANDREWS: Yeah, we're still going through that process now of kind of weeding out and figuring out the names. There is a million names in there. We're still looking at it. It is going to be a long process because we have to weed through it and see who is an eligible Alaska Native, and we have to go through enrollment as well. So it is going to be a long process.

Jennifer, do you have anything to add to that?

JENNIFER MILLER: Just that because of the privacy laws in place, the VA and DOD had some very strict guidelines for providing us with the information to begin with. So being able to turn around and provide that to anybody else, we're really restricted from being able to do that because of the privacy laws. So that's why we -- in the law we're mandated to receive it, so that's why they are providing it to us.

But there were some pretty big restrictions on us being able to then, you know, publish that list or provide it to other folks. So

that's why it's going from them to us to BLM, and then 1 BLM is doing a direct mailing out to the eligible folks 2 from that list. 3 But there will be, like Paul said, 4 5 avenues for people who don't end up on that master list to also apply. 6 7 STEVEN HARTFORD: So I quess the answer is we won't -- the tribes won't actually be able to 8 9 look at the list to help facilitate contact or communication with our citizens. 10 11 CYRIL ANDREWS: That will be provided 12 through BLM for them to process the letters going out to eligible applicants. 13 STEVEN SCORDINO: Yeah, once the letter 14 15 goes out to eligible applicants, the 638 contractor 16 will be receiving a courtesy copy. So you'll be getting, you know, kind of a list, because you'll be 17 18 getting the mail of each one of them as we send those 19 out. 20 STEVEN HARTFORD: That's not mentioned in 21 the draft, that the 638 would be getting a courtesy 22 copy, but that would be one of our recommendations. 23 STEVEN SCORDINO: It's probably not in 24 Because, first off, it's before the regs the regs.

will be actually put in, actually promulgated, so it's

a process that will happen beforehand, before they
actually go out. The actual regulation --

STEVEN HARTFORD: The notice is mentioned in regulations.

mentioned, you know, as something that occurred in the past. So this is -- people will know that they have an application, but it's from something that will have already occurred before; whereas, you know, regulations are kind of looking toward to what's going on in the future once they are actually promulgated.

And it's also -- we're trying to not get too much into policy stuff but actual, you know, these are the laws and how things are going to be implemented rather than every step in it so we don't have a hundred pages of regs.

STEVEN HARTFORD: So just for further clarification, there is a review process of the names and the eligible individuals, and then notice at some point will go to the eligible individuals. Is there some kind of an estimated time frame there?

STEVEN SCORDINO: So we had an estimate, and the VA has totally blown their time, and now we have no idea. Because what our hope was was that we would be seeing the whole list by now and we would be

1 able to be seeing how the process is to compare those and see how long it takes, and we haven't gotten it 2 3 yet. STEVEN HARTFORD: So BIA hasn't gotten 4 the list from --5 STEVEN SCORDINO: From VA. 6 They've 7 gotten it from DOD, and that list is very incomplete, 8 and so we haven't been able to process it based on 9 that. Thank you. And the 10 STEVEN HARTFORD: second question that I had is related to Southeast. 11 You mentioned the challenge with 12 Southeast and national forest lands being exempted. 13 So I'm not sure. Has there been any consideration given 14 15 to how that might be mitigated to tribal citizens from 16 Southeast? PAUL KRABACHER: So for those who were at 17 18 AFN with Senator Sullivan's meeting, that was on a Saturday, I believe, there were folks this morning that 19 20 were there. 21 STEVEN HARTFORD: I wasn't there. 22 PAUL KRABACHER: It was a compromised 23 bill. And it was very understood that to get this 24 thing passed, they had to make compromises.

unfortunately that was one of them, no Tongass.

And I don't know beyond that what the 1 compromises were because that was the legislation and 2 the action therein. 3 As far as mitigation for that, the rest 4 5 of Alaska is totally open. It's unfortunate that the Tongass was not included. 6 7 There was a lot of discussion this 8 morning about contact your legislator and looking at 9 amending the rule. And I obviously, being in the BLM, I'm limited. We're all limited here, not being 10 policymakers or legislators for that matter, but that 11 12 would be an option, amend the legislation to allow for 13 that. It was a deal breaker from the get-go, 14 15 though, apparently to get the overall legislation 16 passed. STEVEN HARTFORD: I understand that. 17 Is 18 the BLM -- I understand about amending the act, but is 19 the BLM giving any consideration to mitigating it 20 within your authority? 21 PAUL KRABACHER: Within our authority we are tied by this legislation, which is available lands, 22 23 unappropriated BLM lands. 24 CANDY GRIMES: One of the questions this

Oh, I'm

morning was from a gentleman from Sealaska.

1 sorry, Candy Grimes.

He's from Sealaska, he wants to know,

"Well, we're from Sealaska. There is no lands around
there." If you're in Southeast, you can apply for
lands that are available somewhere else in Alaska.

Unfortunately, it's not going to be near you, but I

wanted to make sure that you all understand that just
because the lands aren't in your region, doesn't mean
you can't apply for them. You can apply for them, it's
just unfortunately they won't be near you. I just
wanted to clarify that to make sure that people
understood that.

FRANCINE JOHNSON: I just had a comment, Francine Johnson, Kawerak.

So where do we as service providers, where do we stand -- where is our part where, you know, in the list or whatever? It's almost kind of like we're service providers responsible for our regions, but yet we're blinded. We're not shared -- you know, we have a responsibility, but we're not shared or given that information where our -- you know, we're not being responsible.

CYRIL ANDREWS: You mean sharing the list for your region, for your area, or specific areas throughout Alaska, sharing that list with you guys?

1 FRANCINE JOHNSON: Yeah. I mean, the service providers -- I mean, because you're going to be 2 sending the letters directly to them. I thought in our 3 first meeting that we would be included, knowing when 4 5 these letters are sent out who to or whatever, we're going to be the ones responsible to help our region, 6 7 like I said, to fill them out correctly and assist them 8 in land selection. 9 We don't have people in our communities that are computer literate and all that stuff, you 10 11 know, and we're blindfolded because we don't know what 12 true list you guys hold. Who are the veterans and who 13 got the mail? We can't say that you're going to mail them a letter and they are going to pay attention and 14 15 understand it. Where do we step in as service 16 providers when we don't have the same access like you 17 guys do? 18 And I know there is the privacy laws, but 19 we have our fiduciary responsibility, too, as service 20 providers to be there for our regions. So, like, we're 21 eliminated and we still have responsibility. 22 don't know why we're not at the same level with you 23 guys when we're directly working with them. 24 CANDY GRIMES: I want to clarify. All documents that are sent to the vets or the heirs of the 25

vets will be cc'd to the BIA service provider where they are from, and also the BIA service provider closest to the lands that are selected.

lands they selected because they haven't selected anything yet, but it will be sent to the BIA service provider closest to where they are from, okay. So you will be notified of everyone we've sent a letter to.

And if you know of -- if you don't receive a letter from us for someone that you know is a -- should be on that list, contact us, let us know. And you know what, we may have sent it to a different service provider because we assumed that that was the one we should have sent it to.

FRANCINE JOHNSON: See, and there we go on the first come/first served. That kind of sets back somebody who could be applying for something where they are from.

I'm looking at it as the cart is before the horse. I mean, you know, if we're going to tell you about it later and everybody is already applying for it, it's not fair to our list that you might not have everybody on. So, you know, that's the first come/first served. That's why I'm frustrated with that one.

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The first notification is
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                  CANDY GRIMES:
    going to be sent out before the applications are sent
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    out or even started --
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                  FRANCINE JOHNSON: And we'll be cc'd on
4
5
    those?
                  CANDY GRIMES:
                                  Yes.
                                        And that's before --
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    we plan on sending that out before the regs -- as soon
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    as we get the list that we know and the addresses,
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    you'll be cc'd. And this will be before they are
    allowed to apply for any lands so we can clear up that
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    list to make sure that we are contacting the
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    appropriate BIA service providers.
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                  FRANCINE JOHNSON: What's your timeline
    on that?
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                  CANDY GRIMES: We don't have that
    timeline unfortunately.
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                  PAUL KRABACHER:
                                    We can easily say
    that -- say, BIA gets the VA list. Reasonably the MOU
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    side is supposed to be, say, by the end of the year.
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    So then they do their thing, it comes to BLM.
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                  So let's say just something like 70, 80
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    percent is going to be a one-to-one match, bingo, boom.
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    And then there is going to be those that are going to
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    take a little more research, a lot more time to
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    investigate how, wait a minute, what's the
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qualifications? Do they need to submit something for 1 the Native part? They have done the veteran part? Now 2 we're talking about the Native, our portion. Our part 3 is pretty simple. So now we're talking March-ish, 4 5 April. So the proposed rules will be out, but 6 7 there is still the comment period, then there is still the answering to the comments for that. 8 9 targeting the final rule to be implemented in September. So you'll have May, June, July, August, 10 there will be four months in there that the first 11 eligible individuals will receive the notification 12 along with the service provider cc. 13 So it's not like we're sending the 14 15 notification and it's open enrollment. We're ahead of the game right now. And if VA plays, which there is 16 some additional pressure that's way up there beyond us, 17 18 we're hoping by the end of this month easily, then BIA 19 jumps on their thing, and then we do our thing. 20 there will be months in there. I just want to clarify 21 that on the timeline. 22 And I just want to FRANCINE JOHNSON: 23 make one more comment for all of you who are here from 24 tribes. I strongly suggest that you go back home and

you pass along to your other villages to make sure you

comment to keep the restrictions on, because when restrictions are not on, then they are taxable. They can be taken. There is just hardship. 3

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So I strongly suggest you go and pass it 4 5 along for everybody to comment to make sure that the veterans are protected under the restrictions. 6

CYRIL ANDREWS:

- Thank you, Francine. 8 Yeah, put in your comments, your written comments. And 9 on the draft regulations, there is a website of the So if you do have written comments, please 10 draft regs. submit them in as well. Thank you. 11
 - Are there any more comments to the regs or other questions?
- TONY WEYIOWANNA, SR.: 14 I'm Tony 15 Weyiowanna, Sr. from Kawerak land management program in We've submitted some comments, but I imagine 16 that we'll be submitting more comments. 17

But one of the comments that we submitted was about the corporate land selection availability for the veterans. But the suggestion we're making in our comments that we submitted with that, the village and the regional corporation land if the veterans select within the respective corporate lands, either the village or the regional corporation should be allowed to collect other equal acreage from the BLM or federal

lands, you know, rather than having our corporation, 1 our people lose 160 acres, or however many acres it is. 2 So I think it's important that everybody should think 3 about that, especially across our region. 4 5 I'm aware of the Southeast portion, you know, but it's something that should be discussed 6 7 further. 8 CANDY GRIMES: I just want to clarify on 9 that. They are allowed to select lands that are selected by a village or region corporation but not 10 conveyed to them. If the lands have been conveyed --11 TONY WEYIOWANNA, SR.: 12 I understand. know about the overselection that's available for them 13 to select. 14 15 But let's say -- let's say that they 16 select land on the village lands, and the village corp or the regional corp boards agree to let go of their 17 18 selection, you know, like 160 acres that they selected 19 on the region land or village land. 20 And, you know, the way it's set up, if 21 the corporation gives us that land, then they will lose acreage to those lands, you know, like 160 acres. 22 23 CANDY GRIMES: They will no longer have 24 selection on those 160 acres.

TONY WEYIOWANNA, SR.: Not everybody has

available overselection, you know, village 1 corporations, regional corporations, but, you know, 2 some of them have -- already have conveyed lands, their 3 final conveyance. 4 5 CANDY GRIMES: If they are already conveyed, you can't give up that land. The village and 6 7 region cannot give up lands that's already been 8 conveyed to them. 9 TONY WEYIOWANNA, SR.: That's not how I understood it. But I thought it was where they were 10 11 able to do that. 12 CANDY GRIMES: No. We do not have 13 authority to do title recovery. 14 CYRIL ANDREWS: Thank you, Tony. 15 Are there any questions, comments? 16 is your time. It will be recorded. But if you don't ask any questions, please submit it in your written 17 18 comments. 19 BOB SATTLER: Hello, everybody, my name is Bob Sattler with Tanana Chiefs Conference. 20 21 my voice, I'm struggling getting over a little bug the last week. 22 23 But I'm the acting natural council 24 resources director with Tanana Chiefs Conference. Ι 25 work closely with Eileen Grant over here, she's our

allotment specialist that's tracked all this for years and served as our expert, expert knowledge staff. So if I say anything wrong, Eileen, you're going to have to come up and follow me here.

But I really appreciate the comments you made, and then the lady back here, too, had some really sage remarks.

I could say that this is a tribal consultation, but as many of you know, the tribal unity gathering is over at the Captain Cook, so a lot of people that could not be available for here. TCC will be making more extensive written comments, and I can let you know that Will Mayo (ph) with the tribal unity group asked me to write a resolution requesting supplemental funding for the regional service providers.

I think everyone in this room knows that the regional service providers, through the BIA, have developed a substantial agency expertise over the years regarding the management of Native allotments.

And by definition for your comment, you know, if it's not a restricted Native allotment, by definition it's not a Native allotment. I think the case law, David Case's description, so on and so forth. So if it was unrestricted, it really wouldn't be a

Native allotment, I believe.

One of the things I'll ask in the end if somebody could give an orientation of the state's orientation to this legislation, the State of Alaska that is, DNR.

I know from some of the other work I've been doing with the Bureau of Land Management, they are going through the resource management plans. And in Alaska the Bering Sea Western Interior Resource Management Plan and the Central Yukon Resource Management Plan both are going in the direction of withdraw of many of the public land orders that have been in place for decades, including the 5150 Dalton Highway corridor, among many others.

And my understanding is if those resource plans go forward, and if they do, the BLM decides to lift all those PLOs, that it would infer that all those lands would be available, they would be unappropriated, and that would open up millions of acres throughout Alaska potentially for veterans.

So I would like to ask if you could, as a BLM official, comment on that? And then, again, if somebody could remark about the state's orientation, DNR, and their view of the implementation of this legislation.

And the last comment -- if I think of 1 something else I'll come back. It seems like I'm 2 leaving something else out. But I think also with the 3 regional service providers, their agency expertise that 4 5 they have developed over decades is really crucial for the development of the promulgation of regulations, and 6 7 I would ask that those regional service providers' 8 comments be taken very seriously, for lack of a better 9 word. So I'm going to leave it there, thank you. 10 PAUL KRABACHER: I appreciate those 11 Some of the subjects that were touched on comments. 12 this morning, I'm glad you brought these up. 13 The state, as you know, is tremendously overselected and has the lion's share of selections 14 15 right now that are available for an eligible individual 16 to select. The state informally in several meetings 17 18 has said they are going to treat this on a case-by-case 19 basis. So if there is an allotment selection that comes through and it has the state selection on it, we 20 21 would forward that through the adjudication process to the state, "Are you willing to relinquish? Yes? No?" 22 23 They right now unofficially have said 24 case by case. BLM is going to be meeting with them I've been 25 formally in the next week or two, I believe.

gone for about a week, but there is a meeting that's set up to, "Okay, where do you stand?" But I'm sure that's sort of the flavor of the state, case by case.

Yes, the resource management plans are the mechanism for which we revoke the ANCSA 17(d)(1) public land orders. Right now we're in the process of developing those packages, additional packages. Three have been approved. We go through the recommendation through the resource management plan, send the package recommending signature, the Secretary makes the final decision. That's how that works.

The Secretary has signed off on three packages so far, 40 Mile, Bearing Glacier, and Good News Bay. There will be two others that will be within packages being sent back to Washington: Seward Peninsula, Kobuk Seward.

Pretty much what our objective is is trying to get all of the existing resource management plans that are in effect right now, having those packages back East for signature, recommending signature, definitely by September, that's our target.

In the meantime you mentioned Bering Sea, Western Interior, and also Central Yukon. I seriously advocate having your input go into those plans, making sure that they indeed recommend the 17(d)(1) PLOs being

revoked.

Right now if the law went into effect today, the only areas that an eligible individual could select is 40 Mile, Bearing Glacier, and Good News Bay because of the 17(d)(1) public land orders. That's around 2 million acres plus Native selections and state selections. But right now unencumbered land, those are the three geographic areas.

Sea-Western Interior RMP record decision gets signed, we'll have the base layers for the legal descriptions, implement the recommendations, and get another package back, because those are indeed the largest BLM lands in Alaska, between that and Central Yukon. Those combined, no question outside of the NPR-A, of course.

So that's our plan is to get those packages as soon as the record decision is made. We have the base layer. We cookie cut if there is any proposed areas that do not recommend revocation, take those out, and get that package back East.

So I think those are primarily your questions. Did I answer those?

EUGENE PELTOLA: I wanted to address the supplemental question of funding. This is an unfunded mandate. We haven't received a penny for it. BIA,

yes, we have expended some funds and we'll continue to expend some funds, but where are we getting those funds from? By not filling positions.

So Cyril from our realty program, his salary is covered. But then if we have a vacancy and have a challenge filling it, that means that he has one or two less realty people to work on existing projects outside of this effort.

We have utilized some vacancy money from last fiscal year to carry us over into this fiscal year to address some of the mandates we're required to do under this act. So we don't have a checkbook to write checks. I wish we did, because as we all know, in order to fully implement this, our service providers and the agencies, we have to have the personnel, the time and effort and funding to do it right. But that's the fiscal world and environment we're living in now, is that it's unfunded, and we're doing the best we can.

But understanding that when we don't fill a position to get money available to do a consultation or a series of 10 or 12 throughout the regions, that's money that could have gone towards FTE to do that position's normal work, which could potentially affect us all.

DESIREE DUNCAN: Good afternoon, my name

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is Desiree Duncan. I'm the Native lands manager for
1
    Tlingit and Haida in Southeast, and I want to thank you
2
    for having this session today.
3
                  Just Tlingit and Haida has tried to be
4
5
    proactive with this bill, and I just wanted to let you
    know that we've collected over a hundred veterans'
6
7
    names that we'll be providing to the BIA, and then
    we're also trying to identify lands that are available.
8
9
                  I have Kenneth Weitzel here, he's our GIS
    specialist, natural resource specialist, and I have
10
    Irene Lampe who is our realty technician.
11
12
                  So my question is for Southeast, of
    course, we have no land available. But some of the
13
    questions we've been getting from veterans and rumors
14
15
    that we've been hearing is that possibly they could get
16
    cash instead of land. Have you heard anything about
    that?
17
18
                  CYRIL ANDREWS:
                                   No, that's not in the
19
    bill.
           I mean, that same question was asked this
    morning, and there is no money being offered to pay
20
21
    them cash instead of conveying land to the applicants.
22
                  DESIREE DUNCAN: So we can possibly
23
    comment on that?
24
                  CYRIL ANDREWS: You can comment on that.
25
    You can make your comments in writing with that
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question there and submit it into that link that we
1
    have at the end of the draft regulations there.
2
                  DESIREE DUNCAN: And I just want to let
3
    you know that the Southeast vets are very active.
4
5
    meet with them once a month, and they are very excited.
    Even though they know that there is no land available,
6
7
    they are just very thankful. And so I just really
8
    appreciate this. And they are going to want a report
9
    from me when I get back, so thank you.
                                  Thank you, Desiree.
10
                  CYRIL ANDREWS:
11
                  DOREEN LAMPE:
                                 Doreen Lampe, Native
    Village of Barrow. I know at our first meeting we
12
13
    talked a lot about the 30-day notice.
                  CYRIL ANDREWS: Was that the August 23rd
14
15
    meeting?
                                 I don't know.
16
                  DOREEN LAMPE:
                                                 Anyway, so
    I see now we're going to 60 days, 60-day notice on page
17
18
    7. Oh, no, that's 60 days of receipt. Okay.
19
                  So our mail is still really slow.
20
    Internet is slow. My e-mail hasn't been working very
21
    well the past two days.
                             I have to ask people, "Did you
22
    receive my e-mail? Are you in receipt of my e-mail?"
23
    So just because you sent us an e-mail doesn't mean we
24
    got it. So I'm just kind of worried about the --
                                  Yeah, it would be good to
25
                  CYRIL ANDREWS:
```

1 put that in your comments about the mail.

DOREEN LAMPE: -- communication methods you're using. And I just tried to go on your link for your comments, it's not working. Thank you.

CYRIL ANDREWS: Go ahead and put your comments regarding the mail, because they had a lot of issues out there with mail going out to the communities and mail coming out of there, so they do have problems with that.

PAUL KRABACHER: Real quick comment if I could. The address at the end of the rules is actually a mailbox. You put that in the address in an e-mail, and then we receive those. That's the actual e-mail address at BLM.gov. It's not a link. Just a clarity on that. I've had that before. That's why I said, man, I've got to mention that again.

FRANCINE JOHNSON: I just need to make a comment from earlier we were here for the corporation one. But I wanted to share this advice as well.

In the beginning we had service provider meetings, and we were able to see a website that they are actually going to use to select land. And in the Bering Straits region, we take care of over 20 villages, and it would be very difficult for us when this mail goes out to assist and make sure everybody

fills out their applications correctly, select land correctly.

I would suggest you ask tribal members or pass it along to your other tribes within your region to maybe identify somebody within the corporation, the tribe, or the city so that person is located in your community to assist those who need to fill them out correctly, because otherwise they will be rejected.

And that first come/first served, you want to be able to help your tribal members; your shareholders; and especially, you know, your veterans. So when you have your meetings, mention that, that somebody in your community needs to be a go-to person.

Because within our region, we're located in Nome, and we have to fly to the other villages. So it's important to work together in your region with the other tribes, because this is the -- it's a first come/first served.

And earlier this morning they mentioned that they will be providing another training on that website. So being able to identify somebody and have that person be present and learn these things is important. So I just thought I'd throw that out there right now.

CYRIL ANDREWS: Thank you, Francine.

1 DESIREE DUNCAN: Desiree Duncan again. Ι just wanted to point out also, and I e-mailed Candy, 2 but we've been referring our vets to the BLM website 3 like you guys have wanted us to. And on the website it 4 5 said that the comments were due December 2nd, which is today, and then we hear that it's been extended to 6 7 December 13th. So maybe, if you haven't already, 8 update that. 9 PAUL KRABACHER: My first e-mail this morning was to the communication list, to change that, 10 11 thanks. 12 CYRIL ANDREWS: There have got to be more 13 questions on your regulations. This is a good time to come up and ask that question. 14 15 BOB SATTLER: I'll come back for another This is Bob. Appreciate the comments by the 16 round. regional director, if he's still in the room here. 17 18 goes along with Tanana Chiefs, and Eileen would know this, that we also are going at this on a pro bono 19 20 basis. 21 As a result of running the realty program for about four decades or so, people come to us rather 22 23 than come to the BIA office in Fairbanks. Sometimes 24 they will go there or to the BLM offices.

So through the course of those four

decades of working with Native allottees, people do
come to us, and we're getting a lot of walk-ins. And,
of course, we can't tell them to just go away, so we're
doing this on a pro bono basis, as Gene mentioned.

So there is an expectation by those veterans, and the Tanana Chiefs will be providing services, wouldn't you say, Eileen? Yeah, so she's nodding her head.

EILEEN GRANT: Absolutely.

BOB SATTLER: And sort of an extension of what I said earlier, working with the regional tribal service providers will help, I think, the sister Department of the Interior agencies conform to the project timeline here, this legislation, a lot of expertise.

And for anyone that's worked on Native allotments, you know that many of these take on a life of their own.

So the specific resolution that I mentioned earlier that Will Mayo (ph) asked me to prepare for the tribal unity, it specifically mentioned supplemental funding to put together the administrative records for each of -- not just the application, but to help the BLM and the BIA both to assist in getting the administrative record or the application, so to speak,

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have a lot of information, a lot of expertise to help
there, and again, to conform to the project timeline.

I have to admit, I haven't read the
regulations carefully, but I was looking through them,
and it refers to the potential allotments as being
defined by aliquot parts. And I strongly recommend
that it be changed to them being formally surveyed.

We have so many trespass issues in the
Interior, and if these pieces of land are dedicated or
certificated by aliquot parts, it will geometrically
increase the trespass problems that we have.

So I strongly say that they should be
surveyed out like a formal land survey as they have
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surveyed out like a formal land survey as they have been done for a long time, almost without exception up until now is my understanding. So those are the supplemental comments I left out in my first presentation, so thanks.

PAUL KRABACHER: Candy, do you want to touch on the aliquot part?

CANDY GRIMES: The law itself, it says it will be surveyed by aliquot parts in lot. I do believe our regs state that they will be surveyed, individually surveyed. In order to issue a certificate of allotment, all corners need to be monumented.

```
1
                  BOB SATTLER: But it says something about
    aliquot parts, though, specifically.
2
                  CANDY GRIMES: That's the law.
3
                   STEVEN SCORDINO:
                                     So to be clear, if a
4
5
    township is surveyed and it's possible to convey it by
    aliquot parts, then BLM can convey it in that format.
6
7
                  Our expectation is this is almost all
8
    going to be U.S. surveys, because not much is surveyed
9
    out there as far as townships go.
                  And I have the mic, so I'm going to ask
10
    general questions of you all. How many people here
11
12
    have actually read the draft regs? Like, a third of
13
    you have read it.
                  Of you who have read it, how many were
14
15
    able to understand the regs? Okay. We're trying to
16
    get it as readable as possible. Do you guys have any
    specific suggestions on how to make it more readable?
17
18
    Have at it, man.
19
                             I quess just one quick comment.
                  SPEAKER:
20
    We read them and there is some regs that are not in
21
    line with the law itself.
22
                  STEVEN SCORDINO: What do you see?
23
                  SPEAKER: And we'll make comments on them
24
    as we -- we're still going through them.
25
                   STEVEN SCORDINO:
                                     Okay.
```

| 1 | DOREEN LAMPE: I don't like the way this |
|----|---|
| 2 | draft points out, like the section here, Section 0410. |
| 3 | If you have an incomplete application form or missing |
| 4 | materials that are required by XXX 042, XXX 044, XXX |
| 5 | 045, what is that? I mean, is it just so long that you |
| 6 | can't list it? I hate EIS that does that, too. |
| 7 | STEVEN SCORDINO: Right now it has the |
| 8 | XXXs and the numbers because we don't know exactly how |
| 9 | this is going to be numbered within the regulations. |
| 10 | It's 43 CFR and a certain number. And so those XXX are |
| 11 | just referring to one of those other paragraphs that |
| 12 | are in there. That will become more clear as it's |
| 13 | actually in the draft regulation format, but we don't |
| 14 | know the number that goes ahead of it yet. Right now |
| 15 | it's XXX. |
| 16 | CANDY GRIMES: It hasn't been decided |
| 17 | yet. |
| 18 | STEVEN SCORDINO: But does it cause |
| 19 | confusion that relates to other sections in there? Is |
| 20 | that the part that's confusing, or is it just confusing |
| 21 | with our placeholder of having a bunch of Xs? |
| 22 | DOREEN LAMPE: So like you're trying to |
| 23 | turn in an application and BLM says you have a |
| 24 | technical error, and they sent you this letter saying, |
| 25 | "toghnigal error YVY 042 " whatever How am I going |

to know what that is?

And if you guys do send it back with a technical error, and we got only 60 days of receiving the notice to correct the errors, are those business days or does that include weekends or what is that?

CANDY GRIMES: If we receive an

application that's incomplete, missing stuff, we will notify the applicant of exactly what is missing and what is needed. And 60 days is 60 calendar days.

We're not going to -- in the regs, this section of the regs, we're going to specify exactly what's missing and what is needed.

DOREEN LAMPE: And then if you miss the 60 days, what happens? You're lost in the mail.

CANDY GRIMES: Well, we're going to wait the 60 days plus ten, because that's -- it usually takes about ten extra days to get to you after it's been mailed. And if we haven't received it in that time, I'm quite sure we can possibly contact you again or -- it depends upon what it is. We haven't gotten to that part yet. If you still need time to get it, you can always ask for an extension.

STEVEN SCORDINO: And it's 60 days from receipt of the letter. So we know that the other person has gotten it. It's not going to be lost in the

```
mail on that side of us sending it to the applicant.
1
    The clock won't start until we know they have received
2
    it.
3
                  And then when it comes back, if it's lost
4
    in the mail, it will have a postmark on it, and
5
    eventually we would get it in the mail most likely,
6
7
    just late. So one way or the other, because we're
    doing it, like, certified mail and we get a card back
8
9
    saying that they have actually received this mail.
    It's helpful.
10
11
                  Something to help your people out with is
    to actually sign certified mail cards and actually sign
12
    that they received certified mail.
13
                                         I do know that
    there are people who avoid certified mail because of
14
15
    other issues in their life, and so they should be
    accepting certified mail during this time. Otherwise,
16
    it's also going to be going to the service provider.
17
18
    So you guys can help them get that notice.
19
                  Other general questions for you all is,
20
    the process that we have set up in the regulations,
21
    does it work for -- I mean, when you read through it,
    does it look like it's something that's going to work
22
23
    for the applicants?
24
                             Page 2 at the bottom, who may
                   SPEAKER:
25
    apply for an allotment under the subpart on behalf of
```

```
1
    another person.
                     It talks about a personal
                     That can only be appointed by a judge.
2
    representative.
                  STEVEN SCORDINO: By the Alaska Court
3
    System, yeah.
4
5
                  SPEAKER:
                           Which means you're going to
    have to pay the filing fee, which is about $250, I
6
7
    believe.
              So that's going to be a cost right out of the
8
    gate there, and we haven't even filed for the
9
    application yet -- I mean, the Native allotment.
10
                  So I would suggest reworking that,
    because like the gentleman Greg Razo said this morning,
11
    it's going to be a huge issue. And not knowing the
12
13
    list of who is deceased, our veterans, that's going to
    be a big issue right there.
14
15
                  STEVEN SCORDINO: Okay, so the way the
16
    law is set up, you have to go through Alaska Court
             The Alaska Court System does have waivers for
17
    System.
18
    fees that you apply, when you have, like, a fee when
19
    you're filing a case that you file at the same time.
20
                             I realize that, but your
                  SPEAKER:
21
    average person who is in a small village isn't going to
    have access to the court. Out of the 20 villages that
22
23
    we provide services to, there is just Nome, Teller,
24
    Council, which their tribal members most likely live
25
    nearby, but the rest of them are -- they are a plane
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1 ride away.

STEVEN SCORDINO: So I want to clarify something. When you guys provide us comments, we can only do things that are within the law. So if it says the Alaska Court System is the one that issues the personal representative --

SPEAKER: This is a draft?

STEVEN SCORDINO: That one is a draft of the regulations that is based on the law. So the other one that has the Section 119 of the Dingell Act, that's the law. And we're limited by the law.

So there is actually kind of two comments, types of comments you guys can be doing right now. So you can be commenting to us and, like, how are we actually implementing the act as it's written. So these are regulations that are based on the act as it's written.

And there is other ways to comment to your legislators and push on them saying, "Why are you sending this to state court when, you know, then there is all these extra costs. It's the ability to access the courts, and you're causing all these extra difficulties when you have this system already set up for OHA (ph) for the probates division."

It's one that, as a federal agency, we

can't do anything about. Because our job as an 1 executive agency is to execute the law as its written. 2 But you can get your legislators to change the law, to 3 address those types of issues. That would be the same 4 5 for National Forest Service lands; talk to your legislators. And I say -- you know, and I'm talking 6 7 those are your federal legislators. 8 And then on the state lands, state 9 selected lands, they have a ton of land. They are the main source of land that's available for this. 10 11 Contacting your state legislators and the Governor's 12 office to put pressure to open up these selected lands 13 generally without a case-by-case basis, but saying put it on a map of what lands are going to be available 14 15 would be a huge benefit to your people. So we'll be talking to them in government 16 to government and doing it that way. You guys can 17 18 contact your legislators and do it on the political process. We can't do that. 19 20 SPEAKER: Right, but it kind of goes hand 21 in hand with what Francine was saying about we don't even have a list of the veterans to begin with. 22 23 you know, not only do we not have a list, but we now 24 have people who live in the villages who don't even

25

have access.

1 So you're saying we have to get this changed to effect this, and that takes a while. 2 STEVEN SCORDINO: Generally. So those 3 things are related, right. So if you think that we're 4 5 not putting in this stuff from the act into the regulations well enough, then, you know, those are 6 7 things you definitely want to comment on and tell us 8 we're doing it wrong. 9 When it's the statute itself, we're bound and we're limited in what we can do. 10 11 SPEAKER: Yeah, question. On the same lines in the regulation you're saying the state court; 12 13 but when you look at the law, it says, "The Alaska state court or registrar." So what does that mean? 14 15 STEVEN SCORDINO: Yeah, the registrar is 16 a person at the state court who looks at informal probates. So it's not actually the -- you know, it's 17 18 still in the Alaska Court System, but often it's the 19 clerk of court. 20 So that law made me actually learn 21 something new, because I had no idea there was that 22 position. And as we were looking up what this 23 registrar means, that is where it comes from. The 24 Alaska Court System informal probate process. 25 Okay. Did our conflict provision make

sense to people who have read the regulations? Did anyone have a problem with how we're running the conflict, like if two people applied for the same land?

CYRIL ANDREWS: Can you state your name before you make your comments, please.

TOM HOSETH: Tom Hoseth, BBNA. On those lines I looked at what land is going to be available for selection right now, and you have 3,000 allotments that are going to be in a congested area. What do you do for legal access is my question? Because if you put 3,000 allotments in one area that's proposed, you're going to have blocks of land with no access. And the way I understand it, BLM cannot issue land that are landlocked.

STEVEN SCORDINO: So one, BLM is conveying the land. It will be federal land around it, so it's not landlocked because you can cross federal land. It does create an issue when you have Native allotment next to Native allotment.

TOM HOSETH: But when you look at what lands are going to be available for selection, there is no river system, there is no road corridors, there is no lakes that most of the allotments are located upon.

Here we have land that's out in the open,

and you're expecting all these guys to select all in this one area and they have no access. How are they going to cross the other person's property to get to their property?

STEVEN SCORDINO: So right now that is something we need to consider in the regs. That's a good comment, and we need to try to figure it out. I don't think there is any provision in the law for us to do it. So it might be also one that you want to comment to your legislator.

CYRIL ANDREWS: And putting your written comments, too, please.

STEVEN SCORDINO: Do both. We have limitations on what we can implement based on what the law says. And right now you do have rights of access under ANILCA to lands within Alaska if you have land out within the federal lands when it's an inholding.

TOM HOSETH: To me that's going to be a huge problem, because we experience it already with Native allotments that are surrounded by corporation land and there is no access.

And you say, "We studied the law so we can..." and "easement by necessity" or all these kind of terms that we're not familiar with. And to get a legal opinion, and some of those don't stand up.

| 1 | FRANCINE JOHNSON: Make your comments, |
|----|---|
| 2 | it's very important. |
| 3 | FLOSSIE MONGOYAK: Flossie Mongoyak with |
| 4 | the Native Village of Barrow. This seems to be a |
| 5 | two-sided thing that's going on. We're calling this a |
| 6 | Native allotment, and then after 1971 state lands, you |
| 7 | know, then get taxed and the veterans will be maybe |
| 8 | this shouldn't even be allotments. It should be |
| 9 | something else if they are going to be taxed, if they |
| 10 | are going to be paying for this land and eventually not |
| 11 | use it at all and end up losing it back to the state. |
| 12 | And the way the state seems to work is |
| 13 | when they want to convey the land to for an |
| 14 | allotment, they request a settlement, and that's very |
| 15 | disturbing. |
| 16 | And this thing should be shared with |
| 17 | veterans themselves, including the tribes, the |
| 18 | veterans, state, you know, the whole thing. |
| 19 | And yeah, the corporations, they have |
| 20 | lands, and if they select the land from that, and then |
| 21 | end up being deceased or a person appointed, how will |
| 22 | they be able to you know, if they are given that |
| 23 | land, and then will that be taxed or will that be fee |
| 24 | simple? Will that be I think the tribes very much |
| 25 | prefer we send a letter out to the legislators and have |

```
this changed immediately for the veterans of that era
1
    before 1971.
                  It should be done according before that
2
    time. Thank you.
3
                  CYRIL ANDREWS:
                                   Thank you, Flossie.
4
                                                        Any
5
    more comments to the regs or any questions?
                  FRANCINE JOHNSON:
                                      I just got a guestion.
6
7
    So all the comments that are being provided today for
8
    the tribe and also the corporations, are they going to
9
    be on one place for everybody to view all questions so
10
    we can --
11
                  CYRIL ANDREWS: I believe the comments
    will be available once they are published. And once
12
    they are put in order, they will be available.
13
                  FRANCINE JOHNSON:
                                      Because there was
14
15
    really good comments this morning as well, and we all
16
    work together, and some of us wear many hats.
17
                                   Thank you, Francine.
                  CYRIL ANDREWS:
18
                  DOREEN LAMPE:
                                  Doreen Lampe, Native
19
    Village of Barrow. We have a draft that we sent the
20
    notices out for the law that they could apply, and
21
    quite a few of them came back non-deliverable.
22
    don't know how your "whereabouts unknown" project is
23
    going.
24
                  CYRIL ANDREWS: We've been aware of
25
    those.
```

| 1 | DOREEN LAMPE: Are you updating that? |
|----|---|
| 2 | Because I don't know where to send them to once they |
| 3 | get sent back to me. |
| 4 | CYRIL ANDREWS: Have you contacted your |
| 5 | village or regional corporation for an updated address? |
| 6 | Because I know we do deal with those whereabouts |
| 7 | unknowns, and we do have that problem as well. Because |
| 8 | I know some folks they leave or they never pick up |
| 9 | their mail, I know that is a problem out there. |
| 10 | DOREEN LAMPE: One other question. |
| 11 | Tribes have never been given land, and if the deceased |
| 12 | veteran has no one to select land for him for whatever |
| 13 | reason, can the tribe select on behalf of their member |
| 14 | that served your country? |
| 15 | CYRIL ANDREWS: I'm not sure. Only if |
| 16 | it's in the regs. I think they have to be eligible |
| 17 | applicants, I believe. But that is a good question. |
| 18 | Steve. |
| 19 | STEVEN SCORDINO: So I don't know how the |
| 20 | state law works for becoming a personal rep. I don't |
| 21 | think that tribes would be able to be a personal rep |
| 22 | for a person. But basically the person who gets to |
| 23 | select for a deceased individual is a personal rep who |
| 24 | is appointed by the court. |
| 25 | The second part of that is, who gets the |

Like, if you had a deceased veteran and he has 1 land? no kids or there is no one in chain succession -- so 2 say someone who died in Vietnam, say they didn't have 3 kids yet, then you would go back to his parents. 4 his parents have other kids or somebody that would --5 are they alive or did they have other kids who would be 6 7 able to get the land? And that's who the land would be actually conveyed to, not to the personal rep. 8 9 The personal rep, their whole purpose in this act is just to select the land. 10 It doesn't give them the right to get the land. That is decided by 11 probate later, by who is -- actually has the right 12 13 heirship. My question is with regard 14 TOM HOSETH: 15 to the probate issue. I think that we're going to have 16 a large number of eligible vets that will be already deceased. 17 18 And the last report from the BIA is that 19 their probate division is only working on probates from 20 2010 and earlier. So we're already nine, almost ten 21 years behind on probates. And with the land selection only being a five-year window, how are we going to deal 22 23 with the probate issues? 24 CYRIL ANDREWS: We put in a request --

oh, Gene will reply to that.

EUGENE PELTOLA: Thank you. That was actually a very good point, which is one that we have raised.

If you just look at the Bureau of Indian Affairs probate program, say, seven, eight years ago, we used to be 12 people strong; now we're three. They are currently working on cases back in 2007.

And earlier when I mentioned this is an unfunded mandate, we know it's an unfunded mandate, it affects our programs, if affects service providers. We retain some year-end money by not filling a few positions.

If you recall, Cyril sent out an e-mail early on in the year asking if -- what I was told is that there is a significant expense in regard to our probate programs just with birth certificates, death certificates. So the call went out because we had a little bit of money left. We asked everybody, "What do you need to help you reduce your backload, because we have a backload as well."

And that's one example where I'm saying we're trying to take small amounts of money to help us within our program at the regional level in addition to the service providers. We're very well aware of that.

I, as the RD, have pointed out to my

superiors that by talking with different individuals, 1 there could be 10, 20, 30, 40 percent of applicants 2 coming from veterans who passed in the war, and that 3 will overload ours and everybody else's programs. 4 We're cognizant of that, we're aware of, and we're 5 doing whatever we can at the Alaska regional level to 6 7 try to address that. 8 But the understanding is that I know that 9 you all need more help. We needed help as well, but we're doing the best we can with the circumstances 10 we've been given. 11 12 TOM HOSETH: I think the problem goes even further than that, because you're going to have 13 deceased veterans, and they are going to have heirs 14 15 that are also deceased, so it's going to be a domino There is going to be many more probates that 16 need to be done than meets the eye. You can't just say 17 18 20, 30 percent, I think it's going to be a lot higher 19 than that. 20 EUGENE PELTOLA: I'd use that example as 21 well. STEVEN SCORDINO: So when BLM is sending 22 23 out the notice and trying to get people to know that 24 they have the right to apply and that this act is out

there, it will be going to the probable heirs, not to

actual heirs. Because not everyone is going to be probated, and a lot of these people won't even be in the system yet to be probated because there was no knowledge they had trust property.

So that would have to go to a probable heir. And we're going to try to get a hold of everybody we can. But obviously there is logistical difficulties to that.

STEVEN HARTFORD: So staying on that point about the appointment of a personal representative, we can't use a BIA-appointed personal representative, you're saying, under the law, under the act.

So I could see a situation where a lot of these cases might be a small estate type of a procedure because there being no assets to get a personal representative.

So if there is some process through the registrar, as you're saying, maybe that needs a little more thought as to how a personal -- an individual could apply through the small estate provision. And what do they have to go through, what process do they have to follow in order to have the registrar sign off on the petition? I'm not sure. But it seems like that could use some additional review.

1 STEVEN SCORDINO: Is Alaska Legal Services still presenting this week? 2 CYRIL ANDREWS: Yes, they are tomorrow. 3 We have a panel from 3 to 5 tomorrow. There will be a 4 5 panel with BLM and also, I believe, Alaska Legal Services. 6 7 STEVEN SCORDINO: And they are sending 8 their person that specializes in older law and just 9 specifically into this probate process. 10 There are -- the informal process, 11 looking at it online -- I don't do probate, I don't do 12 any estate stuff, so I've never gone through this 13 process -- but it looks pretty straightforward and 14 easy. 15 There looks to be complications if there are things on record of a person having a specific debt 16 or something, then it's a little harder to get the 17 18 representative approved by the court, is what it looked 19 like. 20 So another question I had was if you're 21 looking at the regs, and I want you all to look at it, I want you to look at our process, and I think it's on 22 23 page 3 on the bottom in that section, "What must I file 24 with my application form." This is really where 25 providers are going to be helping out a lot.

1 And so the process that we have here for providing a description of the land, and we are just 2 asking them to mark it on a map, is that going to be 3 something that we can ask for for the people, in your 4 5 experience, or do we need to have something more specific in this about exactly how it needs to happen? 6 7 We're trying to keep this as easy as possible. STEVEN HARTFORD: I think the more 8 9 flexibility is better. So the way you drafted it I think is good. 10 11 PAUL KRABACHER: Understand, too, the 12 rules and process. Process, train the trainer. To add on a comment that Jennifer 13 actually whispered, is we are fully going to be doing 14 15 outreach with that map that some folks have seen, the interactive web map. It says "Website here." 16 thanks for that comment, I appreciate that. That's 17 18 sort of what we're targeting. 19 STEVEN SCORDINO: One other thing we have heard today is some of the confusion with the XXX type 20 21 thing, and then it says a number at the end within a section. 22 23 So if you're looking at page 5, and we 24 say -- there is two of them that refer back to the

other parts of this section a lot. And these are an

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absolute pain to figure out a way to write it clearly
1
    for people without writing too much, because it's
2
    already been written in another section. Does it
3
    create confusion when we have these relating back to
4
5
    another portion of the regulation? Are people able to
    follow that?
6
7
                  If there is any definite no, raise your
8
    hand so I can hear what we should be getting.
9
                  SPEAKER: Can you just go over that
    again?
10
11
                  STEVEN SCORDINO: So if you look on page
    5 in Section 410 and 411, they both refer to different
12
    parts of the regulation. They kind of refer, hey, look
13
             In A it says, "If you have an error as
    at 411.
14
15
    described in 410... because the section above it is
16
    what explains what the errors are. And then it says,
    if it's -- you know, in C it says, "In the case of a
17
18
    substitute parcel when you're doing the conflict
19
    resolution... and it tells you what part of the
20
    regulations talk about the conflict resolution for
21
    substitute selections.
22
                  Is that something that people will be
23
    able to follow, or are we creating a confusion by
24
    having them look to another part of it?
25
                  Generally, what it creates is having to
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write a lot more words, which some people, when they
1
    see a lot of words there, they look at it and they just
2
    stop paying attention because there is a lot of words.
3
                  But it has, you know, a cross-reference,
4
5
    which means they would have to look to that section to
    be certain what it means.
6
                  STEVEN HARTFORD: I think it's better to
7
8
    refer back. Because if you try to spell it out in two
9
    different locations, you're running the risk that there
    will be another interpretation or there will be a
10
    drafting error.
11
12
                  DOREEN LAMPE:
                                  For the record, I
13
    personally don't like cross-reference reading.
                                I guess my comment would be
14
                  TOM HOSETH:
15
    that if there is errors or complicated legal
16
    descriptions, you should have the backup or the map to
           That was the way it was done in previous Native
17
    rule.
18
    allotment cases. So you have your written description,
19
    but you have a map that accompanies the application,
    and if the description is incorrect for some reason,
20
21
    the map would rule. Because that's where the person
22
    located on the map and that's where he intended to
23
    file, not six miles away.
24
                   STEVEN SCORDINO:
                                     So right now the way
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it's written is you need to provide a map with a

drawing on it and then written descriptions of the land you're applying for, including the section, township range, and meridian, and if desired, additional information about the location.

We're not asking them to do aliquot parts or not asking them to write metes and bounds. Those have too many errors in the past. So we're trying to limit -- asking them more just to do it on the map, and then give us a little bit more written so we can locate it on the mapping system.

Does that solve the issue that you're bringing up, the way we're doing it in here? Because we're not asking them to do aliquot parts or to do a written description exactly of the land borders or anything. Did we nail that when we did this?

TOM HOSETH: At least from my experience, it's been in the written portion there has been many, many mistakes and to refer back to the map.

So I think it's going to be depending on who helps them. There is going to be people that can write a good legal description, but there may be inexperienced people that won't do it. But anyway, I think it's important for the map to be ruling if there is problems.

STEVEN SCORDINO: Did we create any other

1 confusion in the regs as we wrote them? DOREEN LAMPE: I strongly agree with my 2 supervisor, Flossie. If this is going to be a Native 3 allotment, it should be restricted and it should state 4 5 that in the real regulations. STEVEN SCORDINO: When you guys comment 6 7 about restrictions, I know a lot of you guys have brought up taxation. But you're all 638 contractors 8 9 who have worked on other realty actions that restrictions kind of go to. If you provide the other 10 benefits as well, it might help out with giving some 11 12 strength to your comments. TONY WEYIOWANNA, SR.: I have a question. 13 Once the comment period is over, are we going to get 14 15 the opportunity to come back and meet with you guys to go over what you decide to make, what kind of 16 additions, deletions, or corrections you decide to make 17 18 in the regulations? 19 PAUL KRABACHER: Yes. Remember I 20 mentioned on the timeline, the proposed rules. 21 will be that 30-day comment period, which we're definitely going to be doing impressive outreach. 22 23 But in the meantime, it doesn't mean that 24 once we submit these to our system to go into the

Federal Register that everything stops. We still would

accept and entertain. The problem is we can't change those once they get into the system. We can to a certain point. But once the surnaming happens, the rank and file, approve, and away it goes to the Federal Register, then we're hand-tied. Proposed rules come out, that's when the second real official round of commenting will commence again.

In the interim, I just want everybody to know that I'm going to have a log like they do in the RFP process, basically a spreadsheet, who it is, what the comment was, what the action is, you know, if it's legislation and we're hand-tied, whatever, the action that we've taken just from these that we've already captured and the ones we'll capture before the 13th.

So that will be available as well. Just like in the RMP process, we'll put that on the website, as well if anybody needed a hard copy or whatever.

But just because that deadline comes up doesn't mean we're going to stop accepting comments.

And there again, when they get published, that's when the next round of this comes in and we have to -- we do then obviously want to address everybody's comments.

And then the final rules come out, and I think that's pretty much it.

But after the commenting period, the

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proposed rule commenting period, we'll do the same
1
    thing as I'm going to do with that spreadsheet. We're
2
    going to address every single comment how and if that
3
    changed into the final rules.
4
                  TONY WEYIOWANNA, SR.: I have one more
5
    question.
               I know we've been asking each other why are
6
7
    you having two meetings, you know, one for the
8
    corporations and then one for the tribes, you know.
9
                  I mean, to me it seems like I know we
    have different functions, but we serve the same people.
10
    So like the corporations met this morning, we're --
11
    tribes are in the afternoon. Some of us are wondering
12
13
    what they said today, you know, are they making
    comments, the same comments we're making, you know?
14
                                                          Ιt
15
    doesn't make sense you need to have two meetings.
                                   Tony, those will be
16
                  CYRIL ANDREWS:
    published later. The comments from both consultations,
17
18
    they will be published.
                                     There is a slight
19
                  STEVEN SCORDINO:
20
    different function. When we meet with the
21
    corporations, there is an obligation under the law to
    meet with them, to consult with them about the
22
23
    available lands. So that meeting had that component to
24
    it, because they have land -- you know, the ability to
```

make some lands available. This group does not.

1 But you guys have, you know, the government to government reaching out that we're doing 2 to you because we want to make sure that we're getting 3 these regulations implemented as best as we possibly 4 can, make sure everything is ready to go from day one, 5 and that we have an easy-to-follow system for people. 6 7 FRANCINE JOHNSON: I'm going to correct 8 that. Corporations -- like I said, tribes, 9 corporations in our villages, they wear many hats. There might be somebody who was here this morning 10 that's part of the corporation and is part of the 11 12 So they may serve different functions, but, you 13 know, they all work for their people. So, yeah. STEVEN SCORDINO: We understand people 14 15 Every entity we have to talk to for the are the same. different functions is different. So we have different 16 obligations to the different entities even though the 17 18 same people are in it. 19 FRANCINE JOHNSON: And I think it was really important as well, the discussion this morning 20 21 on contamination lands. And I would hope maybe you can explain that from this morning so everybody can be 22 aware of the contamination land selection. 23 24 PAUL KRABACHER: That's funny, a quick 25 short story on that. The law, when it was passed in

the omnibus said you must consult with the 1 corporations, knowing full well that the tribal 2 entities under some of these EPA grants had more 3 information -- they had a plethora of information of 4 5 that through the Brownfields grants in particular. I had to officially say "corporation" knowing full well 6 7 you had to take your hat off. 8 Yeah, the question this morning was 9 brought up, and actually I interpret that more as far as in the prioritization process. 10 11 But for those who are wondering about the contaminated lands issue, how we have that in the 12 rules, is basically the fruition of what came out of 13 the data search and the work that was done for the 14 15 report that was issued to Congress, the update for the 1999 report and the contaminated land report. 16 that's still available. It's still ongoing with the 17 18 Alaska Native -- the Tribal Health Consortium now is 19 spearheading that effort. 20 The result of that was the culmination of

The result of that was the culmination of pulling four different databases together for known contaminants across the state. Since then the ADEC, Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation, has basically done catch-up with all the other entities. The other entities being Air Force, Army Corps of

21

22

23

24

Engineers, Federal Aviation, and then of course ADEC.

So ADEC has caught up with all those other databases
and now pretty much is the database for contaminated
sites. It's publically available.

We utilize that as well in future conveyances. So when we're conveying land, whether it be through the ALATNA (ph) process, corporations, we have internal process to where that's what we consult.

With that said, I think we're all pretty much knowing that Alaska is a big state and that we do not have -- don't know all the sites that are contaminated. This is the best available. And I might add that I don't know of any other state that's done this cooperative multiple database effort that Alaska has done.

So with that said, the question that actually Greg brought up was, "What if we discover a site?" My interpretation right off the bat is, how does that affect your prioritization with the first come/first served issue? So that is something that we're going to be tackling and talking about, how to capture that in the rules.

Obviously, they would have to do an alternative selection, you know, the issue being since the postmark and their application was a priority to

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the other one -- other submittals, do they take
1
    priority over another location?
2
                  And it gets very complicated, especially
3
    what you brought up, Tom, is the limited areas, should
4
5
    that be the case, you know, next September, which we're
    hoping it's not.
6
7
                  But that does lend some complications in
    the prioritization process, and that's something that
8
9
    we need to bang through right now, or, you know, we
    will in the future before we get this out.
10
11
                  But as it is right now, it's known
    contaminants through those -- through that database
12
    that is available -- databases that are available
13
    relying heavily on ADEC. So did that answer you,
14
15
    Francine?
                                      Yeah, I just wanted
16
                  FRANCINE JOHNSON:
    you to share that information. And I have a question,
17
18
    too.
19
                  I know with your experience you know that
20
    within our region there is a lot of gold mining going
21
         So a majority of notification to the comment
    period, we have to be able to catch it on a website.
22
23
    We're not notified publically or whatever, but then
24
    it's on a website.
```

So is BLM, BIA, or somebody going to be

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1
    sending out e-mails that, "Hey, comment period is
    coming along, are you going to -- you know, it's this
2
    date," like a week before the comment period or
3
    something so we're not left out to where, oh, shoot, we
4
5
    forgot it; or is that -- you know, I mean, to me,
    experiencing this in our region is almost like a setup
6
7
    for trespassing, a lot of trespassing that's been
8
    happening.
9
                  So the way that it's set up, does the
    website monitor it? The website will tell you, but we
10
    have workloads, other jobs, or whatever. It would be
11
12
    nice to have a courtesy e-mail to let us know that
13
    there is a comment period coming up, something
    important coming up, especially if it's dealing with
14
15
    the --
                  CYRIL ANDREWS: Yeah, we send out the
16
    letters and the draft.
17
18
                  FRANCINE JOHNSON: You'll continue to do
19
    that?
20
                  CYRIL ANDREWS: We'll continue to do it
21
    through BLM or through BIA. We'll send those out as
22
    they come along.
23
                  FRANCINE JOHNSON:
                                      I'm just saying
    because we deal with that a lot when it's the gold
24
25
    mining.
             That's how we find out somebody got a permit,
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we have to monitor it. I just didn't want that to
1
    happen with everybody else. A website, yeah.
2
                  CYRIL ANDREWS: Are there any comments,
3
    questions regarding the regs? I know the day is
4
5
    getting kind of long and it's getting dark out there.
    Do we have any more comments on the regs?
6
7
                  If you don't provide your comments now,
8
    you can go ahead and put them in writing, like I said
9
    again, because we want to make sure that you guys are
    properly consulted on the regs and that you get your
10
11
    comments in.
12
                  Going once, going twice, are there any
13
    more comments? Go ahead, Bryan, take the mic, please.
                  BRIAN JAMES: Brian James with Kawerek.
14
15
    I was just curious if any large bodies like AFN
16
    commented?
                  CYRIL ANDREWS:
                                   I'm not sure they did.
17
18
    You guys did meet with AFN in October with the
19
    committee up there or with the group up there?
20
                  PAUL KRABACHER:
                                   Any comments from AFN as
21
    an entity, are you aware of?
                  RALPH ELUSKA: No, I'm not aware of any.
22
23
    I think last meeting up in Fairbanks we were busy with
24
    booths, but I don't recall anything coming up regarding
25
    that.
           But we did get -- we had the booth and we had a
```

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lot of visitors, is that what the question is?
1
                  PAUL KRABACHER:
                                    As AFN as an entity
2
    submitting a comment? No, to my knowledge.
3
                                                  I've been
    gone for a week, I haven't checked the e-mails on that
4
5
    one site that's on the rules.
                                    But to my knowledge, no.
                  BRIAN JAMES:
                                Okay.
                                        It would have been
6
7
    nice if there was some comments made there.
8
                  PAUL KRABACHER:
                                    It's not too late.
9
                  BRIAN JAMES:
                                You have to wait until next
    year, right, for AFN to come around.
10
                                           They meet once a
    year, so you'll have to wait until 2020 for comments
11
    from AFN or any kind of resolutions?
12
13
                  PAUL KRABACHER:
                                    That's my question, are
    you aware of any resolutions?
14
15
                  RALPH ELUSKA: They had a resolution that
16
    Nelson Angapak, that was on the agenda. And they
    talked about that, but that drew a lot of attention.
17
18
    But as far as if it's regarding, "yes, we support a
    certain position, or no," I didn't see any of that.
19
20
                  CYRIL ANDREWS: If they do become
21
    available, we could make those available to you guys.
22
                  BRIAN JAMES: They kind of speak on
23
    behalf of a lot of Alaska Natives in the state here.
24
                  Anyway, the reason why I'm asking is that
25
    this seemed like it was getting faster and faster as we
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are progressing towards the application timeline to be produced, and I just feel like everyone is being set up to fail right now, especially when it comes to the finances. There is no mandated money coming to BIA or passthroughing to the tribes at all.

I was just counting, I think we have about 175 vets from the Bering Straights region. I don't know how many of those people are deceased, but I bet you a good majority of them are. And I was just thinking about all the birth certificates and death certificates and things like that we usually have to buy on behalf of those families, probably on average maybe 5, maybe for each probate, times 175, times, what, \$35 a copy? That's about 30 grand just getting those documents just to move the probate forward just so they can even apply to find that designated person.

I just feel like we're running out of time so quickly before the application is produced, and it's first come/first served. I don't know how we can get more money other than talking to our senators and what have you. But it just seems like -- I don't know what BIA is doing to try and get more money, but it would be nice if you could share that information with us.

CYRIL ANDREWS: Gene, on funding wise?

EUGENE PELTOLA: I have made it a point 1 of trying to educate my superiors of the demand and the 2 need and the requirement with the quick time frame. 3 The hat check precludes BIA employees going directly to 4 the delegation to ask for funding. That's something 5 that tribes could assist with. 6 7 And right now the only option that I've 8 been presented as RD is year-end money and salary 9 savings. There hasn't been any concerted effort other than that. Now, that may change, I'm not saying that's 10 11 being ignored, that may change. But going through the last round with our 12 fiscal year closeout coming in September, and we've 13 known about this for a while, that's the only funding 14 15 that has been available. You're talking about the certificates 16 going through probate. That's one of the reasons why. 17 18 We had a little slug of money, we sent an e-mail out, 19 "How many do you need? How many can you get?" And 20 we're trying to put some of our small resources we have 21 to try this. 22 We're doing everything we can in the 23 Alaska region to not set us up to fail. We're trying 24 to set us up to succeed with the cards that we've been

25

dealt.

PAUL KRABACHER: I'd like to also say that from BLM standpoint, obviously we were unfunded additionally, and Alaska conveyance got dinged by, let's see, 20 percent. So we're not only dealing with less funds, we're dealing with no funds for this. We're dealing with less funds.

What does that mean? It affects Alaska conveyance, the work that we're doing. Candy is almost a hundred percent now on this. We're looking at hiring another individual, but it's the same story as what Gene said. Year-end money, "Washington, what do you have?"

MARGARET ROBERTS: Just a thought. When I distracted Ralph back there, I just thought of, you know, who knows our families, who knows our vets? We do, you know, our tribes, our tribes in our regions. Sitka, you've got a great one. Our tribal courts.

Maybe as a, I don't know, as a cost savings, we keep talking about the cost of all this stuff is going to be so expensive. Maybe we need to look at a different way of doing something like this without having to go through the state court. Why don't we honor our tribal court somehow or other, and why don't our regions work together for the better of the common good of the veterans.

1 CYRIL ANDREWS: Thank you, Margaret. That would be a good point to address at the Congress 2 about state courts and other tribes. You guys have 3 that avenue to go to the tribes or to Congress and 4 5 address their concerns, and that would be a good way, one to address. Thank you, Margaret. 6 Bob. 7 BOB SATTLER: Boy, it just doesn't seem 8 to end here. 9 So just looking at this timeline, you know, the sheet that was handed out, and I know a 10 little bit, but can someone go through the March list 11 It says, "When lands identified for 12 13 selection-deadline; two, map submitted to Congress and Federal Register; and 3, National Wildlife Refuge 14 15 availability report to Congress." So could someone just go through those 16 and big picture and then maybe a couple of nuances of 17 18 what that means? 19 CYRIL ANDREWS: Paul. 20 PAUL KRABACHER: So the first one, Sure. 21 available lands, we were tasked by the legislation to 22 come up with those lands by March as well as maps. 23 if you merge both of those, we're sort of doing that 24 through the map kind of process, if you will. It would 25 be ridiculous to list legal descriptions or some other

75

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mechanism besides a map. But that was directed in the
1
    legislation by March.
2
3
                  SPEAKER: Is that all lands, state,
    federal, corporation?
4
                  PAUL KRABACHER: All as defined in the
5
    legislation and in the rules, unappropriated available
6
7
    lands. Unappropriated lands.
8
                  We already went through the ANCSA
9
    17(d)(1) discussion, those are appropriated, those have
    an encumbrance. So we're talking unencumbered lands
10
    with a delivery date of March as set by the
11
12
    legislation.
                  However, we fully don't expect this --
13
    well, the legislation is directed at us to have this,
14
    these rules promulgated by September, meaning that's
15
    when the first application would be open -- it would be
16
17
    open for applications. So you're talking March to
18
    September.
19
                  In that interim we're fully expecting
20
    additional -- we hope that the Secretary will take
21
    BLM's recommendation for signing in or revoking
    additional ANCSA 17(d)(1) PLOs. That's the biggest
22
23
    elephant in the room right now for BLM lands.
                                                    As
24
    directed in the legislation, BLM managed lands.
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So that's the first two. Understand that

that map is going to be that placeholder. The map and the lands available that we're going to say are available for selection.

There again, like I said, map is going to suffice that. We're sort of working through a link -- I mean, I don't know about maps in the Federal Register, which I don't believe exist, maybe they do as attachments. But regardless, no details on that, what are the available lands for selection and the maps. Understanding a placeholder, that should change from the 17(d)(1) revocations.

The third one, it's in the legislation at the very last section, Fish & Wildlife Service was asked to see -- or to determine what lands would be available within refuges, that they felt within those refuges, "Hey, these should be available for this effort."

As is mentioned, that will take subsequent legislation. This legislation just directed them to study which ones, go out and get input, which I think they have successfully done for a lot of refuges that sent direct e-mails, or have made that available through Crystal, some letters within those areas.

So what they are coming up with, and that's actively happening right now, so if you haven't

heard from a refuge within your area, I would 1 definitely recommend contacting that refuge supervisor 2 and saying, "Hey, I hear that you guys are looking at 3 lands that will become available for the Vietnam Era 4 5 Native Veteran Act Program," whatever you want to put in there. And they will say, "Yeah, we are." 6 7 Some refuges I know have said, "You know, I don't think there are any." So that's very important 8 9 that you make that note to those refuges. So that's the third part, coming up with 10 The deadline is March. They are well 11 a report. 12 underway on that report. The refuge managers have pretty much had some general meetings now for 13 determining what's available in the state through the 14 15 refuge system. So they are going to be delivering a 16 report in March. Like I said, that doesn't make those 17 18 lands available immediately unless that's acted upon by future legislation. So does that answer those? 19 20 SPEAKER: So all three of these will be 21 submitted simultaneously, all these three reports in March 2020, or that's the --22 23 PAUL KRABACHER: Yes. It's a certain 24 date from the enactment. It's a year after the So actually March 12, 2020 they better be 25 enactment.

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in and be delivered.
1
                             Thanks.
2
                  SPEAKER:
3
                  DOREEN LAMPE:
                                 Yep, they better be.
                  PAUL KRABACHER:
                                    But understand the map
4
5
    right now, if that map happened, it would be Good News
    Bay, 40 Mile, Bering Glacier.
6
7
                  Now, all selected, those are available,
8
    but it has a clause. They have to be relinquished,
9
    state Native selected.
                             Those are available for
    selection, our maps will show that. It will just be in
10
    a different -- there is a map available right now that
11
    we had at AFN. I think it's been tweaked. And also
12
13
    the tool that some of you had a preview to see in the
    aid in the application process. It will be very clear.
14
15
    A lot more clear than that map that was shown at AFN.
                  It would be very distinct colors, clear,
16
    that's a Native selected, this is state selected, they
17
18
    are still available, and here are the unencumbered
    lands, no strings attached.
19
20
                  Plus they will have a lot of other
21
    layers, for those who are familiar with GIS, what lands
    are surveyed. It will have all the -- obviously
22
23
    hydrography, the streams, all the other bells and
24
    whistles that GIS has. So hopefully that answers your
25
    comment question.
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| 1 | CYRIL ANDREWS: Okay, are there any |
|----|---|
| 2 | questions on the regs before we leave for the day? |
| 3 | Francine. |
| 4 | FRANCINE JOHNSON: I just have a comment. |
| 5 | I know when we met the last time there was that idea of |
| 6 | having a state of Alaska map with contact people within |
| 7 | their regions. Are we still going do that? Is BIA |
| 8 | CYRIL ANDREWS: I think we're still |
| 9 | looking at that. When it does, we can look at that |
| 10 | again and work with BLM and the folks out there to make |
| 11 | sure that if we can get that done, then we'll look at |
| 12 | it again. Thanks for bringing that up. |
| 13 | Can you send me an e-mail too, later? |
| 14 | You know, we're dealing with a lot of stuff, so we're |
| 15 | busy here. |
| 16 | Are there any questions, comments before |
| 17 | we end for the day? |
| 18 | Like again I said, you can submit in your |
| 19 | written comments. Those are important. So I would |
| 20 | recommend that you send in your written comments and |
| 21 | get them in there. |
| 22 | And I would like to thank all of you guys |
| 23 | for participating and asking these questions regarding |
| 24 | the regs. BLM staff, I thank you guys. BIA, the |
| 25 | regorder over here thank you And well see you give |

TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS - December 2, 2019

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     during the service provider. Quyana.
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                     (Meeting ended at 3:38 p.m.)
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