Federal Acknowledgment of the Poarch Band of Creeks; Proposed Finding

December 30, 1983.

This notice is published in the excise of authority delegated by the Secretary of the Interior to the Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs by 209 DM 8.

Pursuant to 25 CFR 83.9 f), notice is hereby given that the Assistant Secretary proposes to acknowledge that the

Poarch Band of Creeks, c/o Mr. Eddie L. Tullis, Route 3. Box 243-A. Atmore. Alabama 36502

exists as an Indian tribe within the meaning of Federal law. This notice is based on a determination that the group satisfies the criteria set forth in 25 CFR 83.7 and, therefore, meets the requirements necessary for a

government-to-government relationship with the United States.

The preliminary determination is that the contemporary Poarch Band of Creeks is a successor of the Creek Nation of Alabama prior to its removal to Indian Territory. The Creek Nation has a documented history back to 1540. Ancestors of the Poarch Band of Creeks began as an autonomous town of halfbloods in the late 1700's with a continuing political connection to the Creek Nation. The Poarch Band remained in Alabama after the Creek Removal of the 1830's, and shifted within a small geographic area until it settled permanently near present-day Atmore, Alabama.

The Band has existed as a distinct political unit since before the Creek War of 1813–14. It was governed by a succession of military leaders and prominent men in the 19th century. From the late 1800's through 1950, leadership was clear but informal. A formal leader was elected in 1950.

The group's bylaws describe how membership is determined and how the group governs its affairs and its members. Virtually all of the Band's 1,470 members can document descendancy from the historic Creek Nation and appear to meet the group's membership requirements. Intermarriage within the group has occurred to such an extent over the years that family lines present in the Poarch community are now extremely intertwined and many members trace their ancestry to more than one established Creek ancestor.

No evidence was found that the members of the Poarch Band of Creeks are members of any other Indian tribes or that the tribe or its members have been the subject of Congressional legislation which has expressly terminated or forbidden a relationship with the Federal Government.

Based on this preliminary factual determination, it is concluded that the Poarch Band of Creeks meets criteria a through g of § 83.7 of the Acknowledgment regulations.

Under & 83.9(f) of the Federal regulations, a report summarizing the evidence for the proposed decision is available to the petitioner and interested parties upon written request.

Section 83.9(g) of the regulations provides that any individual or organization wishing to challenge the proposed finding may submit factual or legal arguments and evidence to rebut the evidence relied upon. This material must be submitted by May 8, 1984. Comments and requests for a copy of the report should be addressed to the Office of the Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs, Department of the

Interior, 18th and C Streets, NW., Washington, D.C. 20245, Attention: Branch of Federal Acknowledgment.

After consideration of the written arguments and evidence rebutting the proposed finding and within 60 days after the expiration of the response period, the Assistant Secretary will publish his determination regarding the petitioner's status in the Federal Register as provided in § 83.9(h). John W. Fritz,

Acting Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs..
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