Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs)

Where can I find the NABDI grant solicitation?

IEED’s solicitation for NABDI grants can be found on [www.grants.gov](http://www.grants.gov).

Are NABDI grants awarded through the Public Law 93-638 process?

No. They are competitive, discretionary grants.

Are Alaska Native entities eligible to apply for NABDI grants?

Yes.

What is the minimum and maximum amount for awards?

There is no minimum or maximum limit for projects. In FY 2018, NABDI awards averaged $33,333. Keep in mind that the demand for NABDI grants has historically exceeded available funding. So applications which seek funding far in excess of the norm will receive added scrutiny. IEED also reserves the flexibility to reduce the amount of an award in order to preserve limited funds and serve more grantees.

Can a Tribe submit more than one application?

Yes, a Tribe can submit more than one application if it is seeking grants for more than one proposal. For multiphase projects, a Tribe can apply for phase one in FY 2020 and apply for phase two in FY 2021, for example. However it is not guaranteed that phase two will be awarded just because phase one was.

How much time is given for completion of a grant project?

Awarded projects are expected to be completed in one year (12 months).

What is required in a NABDI application?

The major components required in all the program applications are (1) a statement of work, (2) proposed budget, and (3) a duly-enacted tribal resolution.

Does my NABDI proposal need an active ASAP number?

Yes, it is a requirement that all NABDI proposals submitted include an active ASAP number. All tribes applying must enroll in ASAP to have an active ASAP number prior to submitting a proposal. For ASAP issues or questions, please call the ASAP Help Desk at 855-868-0151. Press 2, then 3 to reach an agent who can help.
Does my NABDI proposal need an active SAM number?

Yes, it is a requirement that all NABDI proposals submitted include an active SAM number. Be sure to check with your tribal accounting/budget office to ensure that the SAM number you are using is not expired. SAM expiration can also be checked by visiting www.SAM.gov.

Does my NABDI proposal need an active DUNS number?

Yes, it is a requirement that all NABDI proposals submitted include an active DUNS number.

Can an existing business as well as a new one be the focus of a NABDI proposal?

Yes. The feasibility study can be performed for new businesses as well as existing businesses looking to enter a new market or restructure for new business ventures.

Might any/all data derived from the feasibility study be shared with the public?

Yes.

Any information in the possession of the IEED or submitted to the IEED throughout the NABDI grant process constitutes government records and may be subject to disclosure to third parties. Pursuant to Secretarial Order 3369 “Promoting Open Science,” and 2 CFR 200.315(d), all grantees “shall make the data produced under this award and any subaward(s) available to the Government
for public release, consistent with applicable law, to allow meaningful third party evaluation and reproduction of the following:

(i) The scientific data relied upon;
(ii) The analysis relied upon; and
(iii) The methodology, including models, used to gather and analyze data.”

Trade secrets, commercial information, materials necessary to be held confidential by a researcher until they are published, or similar information protected under law may not be subject to this requirement and may qualify as exceptions to or exemptions from disclosure to third parties under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), 5 U.S.C. 552, and the Department of the Interior’s FOIA regulations at 43 CFR part 2.

Are proposals dealing with industrial hemp eligible for NABDI grant consideration?

Yes, NABDI proposals may focus on the cultivation, marketing, and retail uses of industrial hemp, which was removed from the federal list of controlled substances when the President signed the Agricultural Improvement Act of 2018.

However, proposals that involve cannabis containing illegal concentrations of the psychoactive ingredient tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) are ineligible for NABDI funding. Under the federal Controlled Substances Act of 1970, it is illegal to possess, use, buy, sell, or cultivate marijuana.

A NABDI proposal involving marijuana is ineligible even if the Tribe submitting it is located in a state which does not prohibit its possession, use, buying, selling or cultivation.

May a NABDI grant pay for salaries of tribal members?

No.

May a NABDI grant pay for energy or mineral feasibility studies?

No. These kinds of studies are already funded by grants under IEED’s Energy and Mineral Development Program (EMDP).

How do I apply for a NABDI grant?

The solicitation is posted on www.grants.gov. However, IEED does not accept submissions through www.grants.gov. Proposals must be submitted through IEED’s grant email: nabdigrant@bia.gov

If I have additional questions about the NABDI grant, who can I contact?

Please contact Dennis A. Wilson, Jr., OIED Grant Management Specialist, by email at dennis.wilson@bia.gov or phone (505) 917-3235.