**Supplementary Information:** On December 1, 1982, we published in the Federal Register (47 FR 54163) a final notice on rural health clinic payment limits and productivity screening guidelines. In that document, we erroneously stated that the new productivity guideline, the elimination of the overhead screening guidelines, and the revised payment limit were effective for cost reporting periods beginning on or after January 3, 1983. This document corrects that error by changing the effective date for the revisions in the rural health clinic productivity screening guidelines and payment limits to cost reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 1983.

FR Doc. 82-42385, "Medicare and Medicaid Programs: Rural Health Clinic Payment Limits and Productivity Screening Guidelines," appearing at 47 FR 54163, December 1, 1982 is corrected as follows:

1. On page 54164, column 1, line 4, "January 3, 1983" is corrected to read "January 1, 1983".
2. On page 54164, column 2, line 59, "January 3, 1983" is corrected to read "January 1, 1983".
3. On page 54168, column 1, second paragraph of section 7, last line, "January 3, 1983" is corrected to read "January 1, 1983".

(Secs. 1102, 1833, 1861(a), 1871, 1902(a), and 1905(a) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395f(a), 1395m(a), 1395c(a), 1395i(a), 1395d(a), and 1395f(a)))

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program No. 13.774, Medicare Supplemental Medical Insurance; No. 13.781, Medical Assistance Program)


Carolyn K. Davis,
Administrator, Health Care Financing Administration.

**Health Resources and Services Administration**

National Council on Health Planning and Development; Rechartering

Pursuant to the Federal Advisory Committee Act, Pub. L. 92-463, (5 U.S.C. Appendix I), the Health Resources and Services Administration announces the rechartering by the Secretary, HHS, on January 28, 1983, of the following advisory Council:

Council and Termination Date

National Council on Health Planning and Development: Continuing

Authority for this Council is continuing and a Charter will be filed no later than January 4, 1985, in accordance with section 14(b)(2) of Pub. L. 92-463.


J. E. Baum,
Advisory Committee Management Officer, HHS.

**Public Health Service**

Centers for Disease Control; Statement of Organization, Functions, and Delegations of Authority

Part H, Chapter HC [Centers for Disease Control] of the Statement of Organization, Functions, and Delegations of Authority of the Department of Health and Human Services (45 FR 67772-67779, dated October 14, 1980, and corrected at 45 FR 69268, October 20, 1980, as amended most recently at 47 FR 40142-46144, October 15, 1982) is amended to reflect the abolishment of the Division of Hepatitis and Viral Enteritis (Phoenix, Arizona) within the Center for Infectious Diseases, Centers for Disease Control. The functions are being transferred from Phoenix, Arizona, to Atlanta, Georgia, and are being consolidated with the following organizational components within the Center for Infectious Diseases: Division of Viral Diseases, Hospital Infectious Program, Office of Administrative Services, and Office of Scientific Services. The functional statements for these organizational components are sufficiently broad to encompass the functions being transferred and therefore are unchanged.

Section HC-B Organization and Functions, is hereby amended as follows:

Under the heading Center for Infectious Diseases (HCH), delete the title and statement in its entirety for the Division of Hepatitis and Viral Enteritis (HCV).


Richard S. Schweiker,
Secretary.
Secretary of the Interior to the Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs by 209 DM 8.

Pursuant to 25 CFR 63.9(h), notice is hereby given that the Assistant Secretary acknowledges that the Narragansett Indian Tribe, c/o Mr. George Watson, Route 2, Chrestown, Rhode Island 02813, exists as an Indian tribe. This notice is based on a determination that the group satisfies the criteria set forth in 25 CFR 63.7.

The Narragansett Indian Tribe is the modern successor of the Narrangansett and Niantic tribes which, in aboriginal times, inhabited the area which is today the state of Rhode Island. Members of the tribe are direct descendants of the aboriginal Niantic and Narragansett Indians. The Narragansetts, once a large and powerful tribe, and the smaller Niantics, were culturally very similar and generally closely allied in historic times. Political structure was organized around leaders, referred to as sachems, who were drawn from high-ranking families.

Evidence indicates that the Narragansett community and its predecessors have existed autonomously since first contact, despite undergoing many modifications. A series of leaders and tribal councils represented the tribe or its predecessors in its dealings with outside organizations and governmental bodies. These leaders and councils both responded to and influenced the group in matters of importance.

The tribe has a documented history dating from 1614. It was dealt with as an independent nation after 1628 by England and the Rhode Island colony. The Niantics and Narragansetts came increasingly under the authority of the English Crown in the 17th century, and its size and influence decreased steadily. After the Narragansett nation was essentially destroyed in 1675 in King Philip's War, the Niantics combined with the remnants of the Narragansetts. The tribe was placed under a form of guardianship by the colony of Rhode Island in 1768, a relationship which continued until 1880, when the state legislature of Rhode Island enacted a so-called "detrubalization" act. This ended the state's relationship with the tribe except for retention of two acres surrounding the Narragansett Indian church which continued to be held in special status. After 1880, there continued to be a Narragansett community on or near the former-state reservation in southern Rhode Island. There continued to be both identified leaders who had standing as community leaders and, for some periods, a tribal council. The Narragansett Church organization was an important focus of community organization in this period. In 1934, the group created a new formal organization, which was incorporated under the state of Rhode Island. The state again effectively recognized the group beginning in 1934.

No evidence was found that members of the group are members of any other Indian tribes or that the group or its members have been forbidden the Federal relationship by an Act of Congress.

Essentially all of the current membership are believed to be able to trace to at least one ancestor on the membership lists of the Narragansett community prepared after the 1860 Rhode Island "detrubalization" act. Most members are in fact expected to be able to trace to several ancestors. These lists are source documents currently used to determine eligibility for membership.

Proposed findings that the Narragansett Indian Tribe exists as an Indian tribe were published on page 35347 of the Federal Register on August 13, 1982. Interested parties were given 120 days in which to submit factual and legal arguments to rebut the evidence used to support the findings that the Narragansett Indian tribe exists as an Indian tribe. During this period only two comments were received, both opposing the findings and both from the same party. This individual expressed the opinion that the Narragansett could not meet a blood degree requirement. While eligibility for benefits under some Federal statutes is limited to tribal members with a certain blood degree, and the right of non-tribal Indians to organize is limited to those with K or more degree Indian blood, Federal law imposes no general blood degree requirement for tribal membership. Moreover, under the Federal regulations for determining eligibility as a tribe, a blood quantum requirement is not included in the criteria. While blood degree may be some evidence of social and cultural cohesion and maintenance of tribal relations, it is more definitely not conclusive as to the existence of tribal relations. Accordingly, the opinions submitted were given limited consideration. The findings focused instead on the larger and more important question of maintenance of tribal relations. No factual evidence not already considered was provided in these comments, and they were considered to have no effect on the findings of fact and the decision to recommend the tribe for Federal acknowledgment.

The determination is final and will become effective 80 days from the date of publication, unless the Secretary of the Interior requests the determination to be reconsidered pursuant to 25 CFR 83.10.

John W. Fritz, Acting Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs.

Information Collection Submitted for Review

January 7, 1983.

The proposal for the collection of information listed below has been submitted to the Office of Management and Budget for approval under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). Copies of the proposed information may be obtained by contacting the Bureau's clearance officer at the phone number listed below. Comments and suggestions on the requirement should be made directly to the Bureau's clearance officer and the Office of Management and Budget reviewing official, Mr. Rick Otis, at 202-395-7340.

Title: 25 CFR, Part 27, Vocational Training for Adult Indians.

Bureau Form Numbers: BIA-8205, SF-26, SF-30.

Frequency: On occasion.

Description of Respondents: Indians seeking vocational training.

Annual Responses: 46,945.

Average Burden Hours: 12,010.

Bureau Clearance Officer: Diana Loper. (202) 343-3574.

John W. Fritz, Acting Assistant Secretary Indian Affairs.

Information Collection Submitted for Review

January 7, 1983.

The proposal for the collection of information listed below has been submitted to the Office of Management and Budget for approval under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35). Copies of the proposed information collection requirement and related forms and explanatory material may be obtained by contacting the Bureau's clearance officer at the phone number listed below. Comments and suggestions on the requirement should be made directly to the Bureau's clearance officer and the Office of Management and Budget reviewing official, Mr. Rick Otis, at 202-395-7340.

Title: 25 CFR, Part 26, Employment Assistance for Adult Indians.

Bureau Form Number: None.
Please note the following correction to the original Federal Register Notice
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Indian Affairs

Final Determination for Federal Acknowledgment of Narragansett Indian Tribe of Rhode Island

Correction

In FR Doc. 83-3560 beginning on page 6177 in the issue for Thursday, February 10, 1983, the following correction should be made on page 6178: In the middle column, the seventeenth line from the bottom, the word "more" should have read "must".

BILLING CODE 1805-01-M

Bureau of Land Management

(INT DEIS 82-80)

Arizona Strip Wilderness Study Areas; Draft Environmental Impact Statement

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management (BLM), Interior.


SUMMARY: In response to public requests BLM has granted a 30-day extension for receiving public comments on the Draft EIS, published at 48 FR 744, January 6, 1983. The closing date of March 7, 1983 is changed to April 6, 1983.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: G. William Lamb, Arizona Strip District Manager, 106 East Tabernacle, P.O. Box 250, St. George, Utah 84770, Telephone (801) 673-3545.

Julian L. Anderson, Acting District Manager, Arizona Strip District.

BILLING CODE 0305-01-M

National Park Service

United States World Heritage Nomination; Calendar Year 1983

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Public Notice and Request for Comment.

SUMMARY: The Department of the Interior, through the National Park Service, announces the process that will be used in calendar 1983 to identify possible U.S. nominations to the World Heritage List. This notice lists the properties that are included in the inventory of potential future U.S. World Heritage nominations, and solicits public comments and suggestions on properties that should be considered as potential U.S. World Heritage nominations this year. This notice identifies the requirements that U.S. properties must satisfy to be considered for nomination, and references the rules that the Department of the Interior has adopted to implement the World Heritage Convention. In addition, this notice contains a table which lists cultural or natural properties that must satisfy for World Heritage status, and the 112 properties inscribed on the World Heritage List as of December 1982.

DATE: Comments or suggestions of cultural or natural properties as potential 1983 U.S. World Heritage nominations must be received within 60 days of this notice. Comments should pertain to the merits of properties included on the draft inventory or others which the respondent believes should be considered for nomination to the World Heritage List in 1983. Comments should also specify how the recommended property satisfies more of the World Heritage criteria. The Department will decide the issue of nominations for this year and will publish the decision in the Federal Register on or before April 15, 1983, with a request for public comments in the event that potential nominations are identified for 1983. Comments on potential U.S. nominations which may be listed must be received within 30 days of the April notice. In the event that nominations are favorably identified and received, the Department of Interior will publish in the Federal Register a final list of proposed 1983 U.S. World Heritage nominations on or before July 1, 1983. A detailed nomination document will be prepared for each such proposed nomination. In November 1983, the Federal Interagency Panel for World Heritage will review the accuracy and completeness of draft 1983 U.S. nominations, and will make recommendations to the Department of the Interior. The Assistant Secretary for Fish and Wildlife and Parks will subsequently transmit approved nomination(s) on behalf of the United States to the United Nations Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Organization, through the Department of State, by December 15, 1983, for evaluation by the World Heritage Committee in a process that could lead to inscription on the World Heritage List by fall 1984.

ADDRESS: Written comments or recommendations should be sent to the Director, National Park Service, U.S. Department of the Interior, Washington, D.C. 20240, Attention: World Heritage Convention—772.